

Graphics and Media Lab CSL Reference Manual
1.0.0

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Contents

Chapter 1

Graphics and Media Lab CSL Main Page

1.1 Introduction

Graphics & Media Lab Common Source Library is a C++ library that contains a set of classes frequently used in graphics research and development.

1.2 General description

The library contains several packages, separated by particular functionality. The following sections describe them.

1.2.1 Base

This package contains the most general classes and utilities:

- definitions like [ASSERT\(\)](#), [VERIFY\(\)](#) and `NULL`
- [gml::String](#) type definition (derived from `std::string`)
- smart pointer facility ([gml::Ref](#), [gml::SmartObject](#))
- object-orienter callback facility ([gml::Callback](#))

1.2.2 Math

Math package contains the most general math utilities: vectors, matrices, etc.

- vectors: 2D, 3D, 4D ([gml::TVector2](#), [gml::TVector3](#), [gml::TVector4](#))
- matrices: 2x2, 3x3, 4x4 ([gml::TMatrix2x2](#), [gml::TMatrix3x3](#), [gml::TMatrix4x4](#))
- quaternions ([gml::TQuaternion](#))
- bounding boxes (2D, 3D) and bounding spheres ([gml::BBox2](#), [gml::BBox3](#), [gml::BSphere3](#))

The library was designed independent on particular compiler, though currently we assume Win32 platform. It uses neither MFC nor VCL or any other popular API. At the same time there is preprocessor switches that allow integration of GML data types with MFC/VCL data types.

The library uses STL and assumes STL usage by the programmer (though it is not a necessary condition)

1.2.3 Color

Color package defines [gml::TColor3](#) and [gml::TColor4](#) classes that represent color values.

1.2.4 Files

Files package defines some common utilities to work with filesystem:

- [gml::File](#) provides an object-oriented way to read & write to text and binary files (FILE* wrapper)
- [gml::PathString](#) to parse strings containing file & path names
- [gml::FileFinder](#) used to enumerate files directories
- [CIniFile](#) provides facility for loading & saving of INI-files

1.2.5 Images

This is the most complete package so far. It defines several classes to work with different kinds of images, apply filters, etc.

- [gml::Image](#) is a base class, it has several descendant, like [gml::SimpleImage](#), [gml::IntellImage](#), [gml::GDIImage](#)
- filters can be applied to any image independent of its type Many filters have been implemented: blurring, color conversion, resizing, etc
- Images can loaded/saved in multiple formats using either internal interface or external library Free-Image.

1.2.6 Net

Net package defines single class [gml::Socket](#), which is a simple wrapper over standart sockets functionality.

1.2.7 Utils3D

This package have some classes, useful for developing 3D graphics application independent on different APIs like OpenGL or DirectX.

- [gml::Camera](#) and [gml::Viewport](#) classes
- [gml::Browser](#) class is a helper for navigation through a 3D scene
- [gml::FrameCounter](#) allow to calculate average frame rates (FPS)
- also several utility functions available.

1.2.8 UtilsGL

UtilsGL contains some useful utilities for OpenGL programming:

- OpenGL extentions handling (taken from NVidia SDK)
- OGL Win32 context management ([gml::GLRC](#))

GML Common Source Library is constantly evolving, so all the packages are updated frequently.

1.3 Installing and Usage

- Unpack the archive
- Link with necessary packages (depends on functionalities you are going to use). Note: all the packages depend on Base and on Math
- The header `<CSL/base/gmlcommon.h>` must be included before any other includes of GML files. It usually worth to include this file into precompiled headers list (`stdafx.h` for MSVC)

Chapter 2

Graphics and Media Lab CSL Module Index

2.1 Graphics and Media Lab CSL Modules

Here is a list of all modules:

DScene	??
Base	??
Color	??
Files	??
Images	??
ImageFilters	??
Math	??
Math2x2	??
Math3x3	??
Math4x4	??
Math2	??
Math3	??
Math4	??
Net	??
Utils3D	??
UtilsGL	??

Chapter 3

Graphics and Media Lab CSL Hierarchical Index

3.1 Graphics and Media Lab CSL Class Hierarchy

This inheritance list is sorted roughly, but not completely, alphabetically:

BBox2	??
BBox3	??
Browser	??
BSphere3	??
Callback	??
gml::FunctionCallback	
gml::MethodCallback	
Callback1	
Callback2	
Callback3	
CallbackR	
CallbackR1	
CallbackR2	
CallbackR3	
Camera	??
CIniFile	??
DIntelImage	??
File	??
FileFinder	??
FrameCounter	??
FunctionCallback1	
FunctionCallback2	
FunctionCallback3	
FunctionCallbackR	
FunctionCallbackR1	
FunctionCallbackR2	
FunctionCallbackR3	
GLRC	??
ImageComposer	??
ImageDecomposer	??

ImageFilter	??
FilterGrayscale	??
FilterLum2RGB	??
FilterMedianBlur	??
FilterRepres	??
FilterResize	??
FilterRGB2BGR	??
FilterRGB2RGBA	??
ReflectFilter	??
SetRectFilter	??
ImageLoader	??
FRIImageLoader	??
SimpleImageLoader	??
LoaderColor	
Math	??
Math2	??
Math3	??
Math4	??
MethodCallback1	
MethodCallback2	
MethodCallback3	
MethodCallbackR	
MethodCallbackR1	
MethodCallbackR2	
MethodCallbackR3	
ModeBrowser	
Ref	??
RGBQUAD	
SmartObject	??
DrawSurface	??
GDISurface	??
IntelSurface	??
Image	??
GDIImage	??
IntelImage	??
SimpleImage	??
gml::Mesh	
MyObject	
MySecondObject	
Socket	??
String	??
PathString	??
tagBITMAPFILEHEADER	
tagBITMAPINFOHEADER	
TColor3	??
TColor4	??
TMatrix2x2	??
TMatrix3x3	??
TMatrix4x4	??
TQuaternion	??
TrackballBrowser	
TVector2	??

TVector3	??
TVector4	??
Viewport	??
WalkBrowser	

Chapter 4

Graphics and Media Lab CSL Class Index

4.1 Graphics and Media Lab CSL Class List

Here are the classes, structs, unions and interfaces with brief descriptions:

BBox2 (A template class for 2D boundary box)	??
BBox3 (A template class for 2D boundary box)	??
Browser (3D navigation helper class)	??
BSphere3 (Template class for 3D bounding sphere)	??
Callback (Base class for callback with no arguments and no return value)	??
Camera (Class representing 3d virtual camera)	??
CIniFile (Handling of INI-files)	??
DIntelImage (Intel libraries IplImage wrap class)	??
DrawSurface (Generic image class)	??
File (A class for working with files (a wrapped to FILE *))	??
FileFinder	??
FilterGrayscale (Creates a grayscale version of a color bitmap)	??
FilterLum2RGB (Creates a Lum2RGB version of a color bitmap)	??
FilterMedianBlur (Creates a MedianBlur version of a color bitmap)	??
FilterRepres (Transferrers between different representations)	??
FilterResize (Creates a MedianBlur version of a color bitmap)	??
FilterRGB2BGR (Creates a Lum2RGB version of a color bitmap)	??
FilterRGB2RGBA (Creates a grayscale version of a color bitmap)	??
FrameCounter (Simple frame rate (FPS) counter)	??
FRImageLoader (Image loader based on FreeImage third-party library)	??
GDIIImage (Manipulates uncompressed device- and platform-independent bitmaps)	??
GDISurface (Generic image class)	??
<pre>GLRC glrc; // inside window creation glrc.Create(wnd); // before rendering into window glrc.MakeCurrent(); // ... // display in the screen (in case of double buffering) glrc.SwapBuffers(); // .. // delete gl context (may be avoided, because called in destructor anyway) glrc.Destroy();</pre>	

)??

Image (Generic image class)	??
ImageComposer (Produce single image from several reference images)	??
ImageDecomposer (Decompose an image into several destination images)	??
ImageFilter (Interface for generic image modifier)	??
ImageLoader (Loading and saving bitmaps to files (base class))	??
IntelImage (Manipulates uncompressed device- and platform-independent bitmaps)	??
IntelSurface (Generic image class)	??
Math (A template class for precision related stuff)	??
Math2 (Comparison of 2D vectors with a tolerance)	??
Math3 (Comparison of 2D vectors with a tolerance)	??
Math4 (Comparison of 4D vectors with a tolerance)	??
PathString (Processing of the path to file)	??

```
Object* obj; // standard pointer, should be deleted after use
gml::Ref<Object> obj; // smart pointer frees memory when necessary
```

Attention:

Smart pointers works only with objects that support `AddRef()` and `Release()` operations. It is assumed that object keeps a reference count (a number of smart pointers pointing to it). This reference count is incremented in `AddRef()` command and decremented in `Release()`. Also `Release()` performs check whether reference count is 0 and calls 'delete this'. GML provides special base class for this: [gml::SmartObject](#). If you want to use smart pointers either derive your object from this class or provide own implementation of `AddRef()` and `Release()` methods. 1) initialization Smart pointers are initialized just like the standard pointers:

```
gml::Ref<Object> obj = new Object(1,2,3);
```

Smart pointers must never be defined like this: `gml::Rev<Object>* obj; !!!` 2) use of smart pointers Smart pointers are dereferenced like normal pointers:

```
gml::Ref<Object> obj = new Object(1,2,3);
obj->SomeMethod();
(*obj).SomeMethod();
```

3) smart pointers as parameters Smart pointers are implicitly casted to normal pointers:

```
gml::Ref<Object> obj = new Object(1,2,3);
Object* obj1 = obj;
```

This operation is dangerous unless used properly. You should use it like follows. Smart pointers may be passed to functions and returned from functions like normal pointers.

```
...
Object* SomeMethod(Object* obj);
...
gml::Ref<Object> obj = new Object(1,2,3);
gml::Ref<Object> obj1 = SomeMethod(obj);
```


The general rule is this: **Use ONLY smart pointers when storing objects. Use normals pointers when passing smart pointers as parameters or return values** So the following is forbidden:

```
class SomeClass
{
private:
    Object* obj;
public:
    void CreateObject()
    {
        gml::Ref<Object> obj = new Object(1,2,3);
        m_obj = obj;
    } // at this point obj will be deleted, and m_obj will be undefined!!
};
```

Correct use:

```
class SomeClass
{
private:
    gml::Ref<Object> obj;
public:
    void CreateObject()
    {
        gml::Ref<Object> obj = new Object(1,2,3);
        m_obj = obj;
    }
};
```

)??

ReflectFilter (Creates a grayscale version of a color bitmap)	??
SetRectFilter (Creates a grayscale version of a color bitmap)	??
SimpleImage (Manipulates uncompressed device- and platform-independent bitmaps)	??
SimpleImageLoader (Image loader based on FreeImage third-party library)	??
SmartObject (Base class for objects with support for reference counting)	??
Socket (A wrapper for Win32 stream socket)	??
String (Standard string with some extensions)	??
TColor3 (3 Color representation)	??
TColor4 (4 Color representation)	??
TMatrix2x2 (Template class for 2x2 matrix)	??
TMatrix3x3 (Template class for 3x3 matrix)	??
TMatrix4x4 (Template class for 4x4 matrix)	??
TQuaternion (Quaternion template)	??
TVector2 (Template class for 2D vectors)	??
TVector3 (Template class for 3D geometric vectors)	??
TVector4 (Template class for 4D geometric vectors)	??
Viewport (Class representing 3d viewport (a window with associated camera))	??

Chapter 5

Graphics and Media Lab CSL File Index

5.1 Graphics and Media Lab CSL File List

Here is a list of all documented files with brief descriptions:

gmlbbox2.h (A class for 2D boundary box (BBox2) definition)	??
gmlbbox3.h (A class for 2D boundary box (BBox3) definition)	??
gmlbrowser.h (A class for 3d virtual camera)	??
gmlsphere3.h (Defines template class BSphere33<T>)	??
gmlcallback.h (Definitions of callback helpers)	??
gmlcamera.h (A class for 3d virtual camera)	??
gmlcommon.h (General routines like ASSERT etc)	??
gmlcommongl.h (OpenGL helpers)	??
gmlframecounter.h (Simple frame rate (FPS) counter)	??
gmlglrc.h (Class for operations with GL Win32 context)	??
gmlmath.h (Common mathematic utility routines, gml::Math)	??
gmlmatrix2.h (Definition of TMatrix2x2 template class and utility routines)	??
gmlmatrix3.h (Definition of TMatrix3x3 template class and utility routines)	??
gmlmatrix4.h (Definition of TMatrix4x4 template class and utility routines)	??
gmlmesh.h (Definition of gml::Mesh class)	??
gmlpathstring.h (Defines gml::PathString)	??
gmlquat.h (Definition of TQuaternion template class)	??
gmlref.h (Definitions of smart reference)	??
gmlsmartobject.h (Definitions of smart object (which supports smart references))	??
gmlsocket.h (Windows sockets handling (Win32 API))	??
gmlstring.h (Defines gml::String)	??
gmlutils3d.h (3d projections etc (utilities))	??
gmlutilsgl.h (A set of OGL utility functions)	??
gmlvector2.h (Defines template gml::TVector2 , gml::Math2 and typedefs with utility functions)	??
gmlvector3.h (Defines template gml::TVector3 , gml::Math3 and typedefs with utility functions)	??
gmlvector4.h (Defines template gml::TVector4 , gml::Math3 and typedefs with utility functions)	??
gmlviewport.h (A class for 3d viewport)	??

Chapter 6

Graphics and Media Lab CSL Page Index

6.1 Graphics and Media Lab CSL Related Pages

Here is a list of all related documentation pages:

Todo List	??
Deprecated List	??

Chapter 7

Graphics and Media Lab CSL Module Documentation

7.1 DScene

Classes

- class **Mesh**

7.2 Base

Classes

- class [Callback](#)

Base class for callback with no arguments and no return value.

- class **CallbackR**
- class **Callback1**
- class **CallbackR1**
- class **Callback2**
- class **CallbackR2**
- class **Callback3**
- class **CallbackR3**
- class **FunctionCallback**
- class **FunctionCallbackR**
- class **FunctionCallback1**
- class **FunctionCallbackR1**
- class **FunctionCallback2**
- class **FunctionCallbackR2**
- class **FunctionCallback3**
- class **FunctionCallbackR3**
- class **MethodCallback**
- class **MethodCallbackR**
- class **MethodCallback1**
- class **MethodCallbackR1**
- class **MethodCallback2**
- class **MethodCallbackR2**
- class **MethodCallback3**
- class **MethodCallbackR3**
- class [Ref](#)

Smart pointer class Smart pointers provide automatic memory management, so that programmer never cares on freeing memory. Smart pointers mechanism frees an object when there are no any references to it. Smart pointers should be used instead of standard C pointers:

```
Object* obj; // standard pointer, should be deleted after use
gml::Ref<Object> obj; // smart pointer frees memory when necessary
```

Attention:

Smart pointers works only with objects that support `AddRef()` and `Release()` operations. It is assumed that object keeps a reference count (a number of smart pointers pointing to it). This reference count is incremented in `AddRef()` command and decremented in `Release()`. Also `Release()` performs check whether reference count is 0 and calls 'delete this'. GML provides special base class for this: [gml::SmartObject](#). If you want to use smart pointers either derive your object from this class or provide own implementation of `AddRef()` and `Release()` methods. 1) initialization Smart pointers are initialized just like the standard pointers:

```
gml::Ref<Object> obj = new Object(1,2,3);
```

Smart pointers must never be defined like this: `gml::Rev<Object> obj; !!!` 2) use of smart pointers Smart pointers are dereferenced like normal pointers:*

```
gml::Ref<Object> obj = new Object(1,2,3);
obj->SomeMethod();
(*obj).SomeMethod();
```

3) smart pointers as parameters Smart pointers are implicitly casted to normal pointers:


```
gml::Ref<Object> obj = new Object(1,2,3);
Object* obj1 = obj;
```

This operation is dangerous unless used properly. You should use it like follows. Smart pointers may be passed to functions and returned from functions like normal pointers.

```
...
Object* SomeMethod(Object* obj);
...
gml::Ref<Object> obj = new Object(1,2,3);
gml::Ref<Object> obj1 = SomeMethod(obj);
```

The general rule is this: Use ONLY smart pointers when storing objects. Use normal pointers when passing smart pointers as parameters or return values So the following is forbidden:

```
class SomeClass
{
private:
    Object* obj;
public:
    void CreateObject()
    {
        gml::Ref<Object> obj = new Object(1,2,3);
        m_obj = obj;
    } // at this point obj will be deleted, and m_obj will be undefined!!
};
```

Correct use:

```
class SomeClass
{
private:
    gml::Ref<Object> obj;
public:
    void CreateObject()
    {
        gml::Ref<Object> obj = new Object(1,2,3);
        m_obj = obj;
    }
};
```

- class [SmartObject](#)

Base class for objects with support for reference counting.

- class [String](#)

Standard string with some extensions.

- class [Ref](#)

Smart pointer class Smart pointers provide automatic memory management, so that programmer never cares on freeing memory. Smart pointers mechanism frees an object when there are no any references to it. Smart pointers should be used instead of standard C pointers:

```
Object* obj; // standard pointer, should be deleted after use
gml::Ref<Object> obj; // smart pointer frees memory when necessary
```

Attention:

Smart pointers works only with objects that support `AddRef()` and `Release()` operations. It is assumed that object keeps a reference count (a number of smart pointers pointing to it). This reference count is incremented in `AddRef()` command and decremented in `Release()`. Also `Release()` performs check whether reference count is 0 and calls 'delete this'. GML provides special base class for this: [gml::SmartObject](#). If you want to use smart pointers either derive your object from this class or provide own implementation of `AddRef()` and `Release()` methods. 1) initialization Smart pointers are initialized just like the standard pointers:

```
gml::Ref<Object> obj = new Object(1,2,3);
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(*obj).SomeMethod();
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Object* obj1 = obj;
```

This operation is dangerous unless used properly. You should use it like follows. Smart pointers may be passed to functions and returned from functions like normal pointers.

```
...
Object* SomeMethod(Object* obj);
...
gml::Ref<Object> obj = new Object(1,2,3);
gml::Ref<Object> obj1 = SomeMethod(obj);
```

The general rule is this: Use ONLY smart pointers when storing objects. Use normal pointers when passing smart pointers as parameters or return values So the following is forbidden:

```
class SomeClass
{
private:
    Object* obj;
public:
    void CreateObject()
    {
        gml::Ref<Object> obj = new Object(1,2,3);
        m_obj = obj;
    } // at this point obj will be deleted, and m_obj will be undefined!!
};
```

Correct use:

```
class SomeClass
{
private:
    gml::Ref<Object> obj;
public:
    void CreateObject()
    {
        gml::Ref<Object> obj = new Object(1,2,3);
        m_obj = obj;
    }
};
```

Functions

- `Ref< newT > &gml::Ref::ConvRef (const Ref< oldT > &old_ref)`

Casting & conversion of smart references.

7.3 Color

Classes

- class [TColor3](#)
3 Color representation
- class [TColor4](#)
4 Color representation

Typedefs

- typedef TColor3< BYTE > **Color3ub**
- typedef TColor3< WORD > **Color3w**
- typedef TColor3< short > **Color3s**
- typedef TColor3< float > **Color3f**
- typedef TColor4< BYTE > **Color4ub**
- typedef TColor4< float > **Color4f**
- typedef TColor3< BYTE > [gml::ColorRGBub](#)
- typedef TColor3< WORD > [gml::ColorRGBw](#)
- typedef TColor3< float > [gml::ColorRGBf](#)
- typedef TColor4< BYTE > [gml::ColorRGBAub](#)
- typedef TColor4< float > [gml::ColorRGBAf](#)

Functions

- TColor3< T > [gml::TColor3::operator *](#) (const double d, const TColor3< T > &u)
Multiplication of scalar d by TColor3 u.
- TColor4< T > [gml::TColor4::operator *](#) (const double d, const TColor4< T > &u)
Multiplication of scalar d by TColor4 u.

7.3.1 Typedef Documentation

7.3.1.1 typedef TColor3<BYTE> [ColorRGBub](#)

Deprecated

use Color3 instead

7.3.1.2 typedef TColor3<WORD> [ColorRGBw](#)

Deprecated

use Color3 instead

7.3.1.3 `typedef TColor3<float> ColorRGBf`

Deprecated

use Color3 instead

7.3.1.4 `typedef TColor4<BYTE> ColorRGBAub`

Deprecated

use Color3 instead

7.3.1.5 `typedef TColor4<float> ColorRGBAf`

Deprecated

use Color3 instead

7.4 Files

Classes

- class [File](#)
*A class for working with files (a wrapped to FILE *).*
- class [FileFinder](#)
- class [CIniFile](#)
Handling of INI-files.
- class [PathString](#)
Processing of the path to file.

7.5 ImageFilters

Classes

- class [FilterGrayscale](#)
Creates a grayscale version of a color bitmap.
- class [FilterLum2RGB](#)
Creates a Lum2RGB version of a color bitmap.
- class [FilterMedianBlur](#)
Creates a MedianBlur version of a color bitmap.
- class [FilterRepres](#)
Transferrers between different representations.
- class [FilterResize](#)
Creates a MedianBlur version of a color bitmap.
- class [FilterRGB2BGR](#)
Creates a Lum2RGB version of a color bitmap.
- class [FilterRGB2RGBA](#)
Creates a grayscale version of a color bitmap.
- class [ReflectFilter](#)
Creates a grayscale version of a color bitmap.
- class [SetRectFilter](#)
Creates a grayscale version of a color bitmap.
- class [ImageComposer](#)
Produce single image from several reference images.
- class [ImageDecomposer](#)
Decompose an image into several destination images.
- class [ImageFilter](#)
Interface for generic image modifier.

7.6 Images

Modules

- [ImageFilters](#)

Classes

- class [GDImage](#)
Manipulates uncompressed device- and platform-independent bitmaps.
- class [GDISurface](#)
Generic image class.
- class [Image](#)
Generic image class.
- class [ImageLoader](#)
Loading and saving bitmaps to files (base class).
- class [IntelImage](#)
Manipulates uncompressed device- and platform-independent bitmaps.
- class [IntelSurface](#)
Generic image class.
- class [SimpleImage](#)
Manipulates uncompressed device- and platform-independent bitmaps.
- class [FRImageLoader](#)
Image loader based on FreeImage third-party library.
- class [DIntelImage](#)
Intel libraries IpImage wrap class.
- class [SimpleImageLoader](#)
Image loader based on FreeImage third-party library.

Functions

- [gml::GDImage::GDImage](#) (const GDImage &Orig)
Copy constructor.
- [gml::GDImage::GDImage](#) (const Image &Orig)
Copy constructor.
- GDImage & [gml::GDImage::operator=](#) (const Image &Orig)
Assignment operator.

- GDIImage & **operator=** (const GDIImage &Orig)
- Image & [gml::Image::operator=](#) (Image const &Orig)
- int **GetWidth** () const
- int **GetHeight** () const
- FORMAT **GetFormat** () const
- REPRES **GetRepres** () const
- ORIENT **GetOrient** () const
- int **GetElemSize** () const
- BYTE ** [gml::Image::GetLineArray](#) () const
Returns pointer to an array containing the starting addresses of the bitmap lines.

- bool **IsLocked** () const
- [gml::IntelImage::IntelImage](#) (const IntelImage &Orig)
Copy constructor.

- [gml::IntelImage::IntelImage](#) (const Image &Orig)
Copy constructor.

- IntelImage & [gml::IntelImage::operator=](#) (const Image &Orig)
Assignment operator.

- IntelImage & **operator=** (const IntelImage &Orig)
- [gml::SimpleImage::SimpleImage](#) (const SimpleImage &Orig)
Copy constructor.

- [gml::SimpleImage::SimpleImage](#) (const Image &Orig)
Copy constructor.

- SimpleImage & [gml::SimpleImage::operator=](#) (const Image &Orig)
Assignment operator.

- SimpleImage & **operator=** (const SimpleImage &Orig)

Variables

- const **PRESERVE_JPEG_EXIF** = 1

7.6.1 Function Documentation

7.6.1.1 Image & operator= ([Image const & Orig](#)) [*inline, inherited*]

Assignment operator. Note that assignment between different derived classes is possible and results in a format conversion.

Reimplemented in [GDIImage](#), [IntelImage](#), and [SimpleImage](#).

7.6.1.2 BYTE ** GetLineArray () const [*inline, inherited*]

Returns pointer to an array containing the starting addresses of the bitmap lines.

This array should be used whenever the bitmap bits need to be manipulated directly.

7.7 Math2

Classes

- class [BBox2](#)
A template class for 2D boundary box.
- class [TVector2](#)
Template class for 2D vectors.
- class [Math2](#)
Comparison of 2D vectors with a tolerance.

Typedefs

- typedef [BBox2](#)< double > **BBox2d**
- typedef [BBox2](#)< float > **BBox2f**
- typedef [BBox2](#)< int > **BBox2i**
- typedef [TVector2](#)< short > **Vector2s**
- typedef [TVector2](#)< int > **Vector2i**
- typedef [TVector2](#)< float > **Vector2f**
- typedef [TVector2](#)< double > **Vector2d**
- typedef [Math2](#)< float > **Math2f**
- typedef [Math2](#)< double > **Math2d**

Functions

- [TVector2](#)< T > [gml::TVector2::operator *](#) (const double d, const [TVector2](#)< T > &u)
Multiplication of scalar d by TVector u.
- double [gml::TVector2::SqrLength](#) (const [TVector2](#)< T > &u)
Squared length of given vector.
- double [gml::TVector2::Length](#) (const [TVector2](#)< T > &u)
Length of the vector.
- double [gml::TVector2::DotProd](#) (const [TVector2](#)< T > &v1, const [TVector2](#)< T > &v2)
Dot product.
- double [gml::TVector2::DotProduct](#) (const [TVector2](#)< T > &v1, const [TVector2](#)< T > &v2)
Dot product.
- double [gml::TVector2::CrossProd](#) (const [TVector2](#)< T > &v1, const [TVector2](#)< T > &v2)
Cross product.
- double [gml::TVector2::CrossProduct](#) (const [TVector2](#)< T > &v1, const [TVector2](#)< T > &v2)
Cross product.

- double [gml::TVector2::Cos](#) (const TVector2< T > &a, const TVector2< T > &b)
cos between two vectors
- double [gml::TVector2::Sin](#) (const TVector2< T > &a, const TVector2< T > &b)
sin between two vectors
- TVector2< T_TO > [gml::TVector2::Conv](#) (const TVector2< T_FROM > &u)
Convert TVector2<T_FROM> to TVector2<T_TO>.
- TVector2< float > [gml::TVector2::ConvF](#) (const TVector2< T > &u)
Convert TVector2<T> to TVector2<float>.
- TVector2< double > [gml::TVector2::ConvD](#) (const TVector2< T > &u)
Convert TVector2<T> to TVector2<double>.
- TVector2< int > [gml::TVector2::ConvI](#) (const TVector2< T > &u)
Convert TVector2<T> to TVector2<int>.
- TVector2< short > [gml::TVector2::ConvS](#) (const TVector2< T > &u)
Convert TVector2<T> to TVector2<int>.

7.8 Math3

Classes

- class [BBox3](#)
A template class for 2D boundary box.
- class [BSphere3](#)
Template class for 3D bounding sphere.
- class [TVector3](#)
Template class for 3D geometric vectors.
- class [Math3](#)
Comparison of 2D vectors with a tolerance.

Typedefs

- typedef `BBox3< double >` **BBox3d**
- typedef `BBox3< float >` **BBox3f**
- typedef `BBox3< int >` **BBox3i**
- typedef `BSphere3< float >` **BSphere3f**
- typedef `BSphere3< double >` **BSphere3d**
- typedef `TVector3< short >` **Vector3s**
- typedef `TVector3< int >` **Vector3i**
- typedef `TVector3< float >` **Vector3f**
- typedef `TVector3< double >` **Vector3d**
- typedef `Math3< float >` **Math3f**
- typedef `Math3< double >` **Math3d**

Functions

- `template<class T_FROM> BBox3< double > ConvD (const BBox3< T_FROM > &u)`
- `template<class T_FROM> BBox3< float > ConvF (const BBox3< T_FROM > &u)`
- `TVector3< T > glm::TVector3::operator * (const double d, const TVector3< T > &u)`
Multiplication of scalar d by TVector u.
- `double glm::TVector3::SqrLength (const TVector3< T > &u)`
Squared length of given vector.
- `double glm::TVector3::Length (const TVector3< T > &u)`
Length of the vector.
- `double glm::TVector3::DotProduct (const TVector3< T > &v1, const TVector3< T > &v2)`
Dot product.
- `TVector3< T > glm::TVector3::CrossProduct (const TVector3< T > &v1, const TVector3< T > &v2)`

Cross product.

- double `gml::TVector3::Cos` (const TVector3< T > &a, const TVector3< T > &b)
cos between two vectors
- double `gml::TVector3::Sin` (const TVector3< T > &a, const TVector3< T > &b)
sin between two vectors
- TVector3< T_TO > `gml::TVector3::Conv` (const TVector3< T_FROM > &u)
Convert TVector3<T_FROM> to TVector3<T_TO>.
- TVector3< float > `gml::TVector3::ConvF` (const TVector3< T > &u)
Convert TVector3<T> to TVector3<float>.
- TVector3< double > `gml::TVector3::ConvD` (const TVector3< T > &u)
Convert TVector3<T> to TVector3<double>.
- TVector3< int > `gml::TVector3::ConvI` (const TVector3< T > &u)
Convert TVector3<T> to TVector3<int>.
- TVector3< short > `gml::TVector3::ConvS` (const TVector3< T > &u)
Convert TVector3<T> to TVector3<int>.

7.9 Math

Modules

- [Math2x2](#)
- [Math3x3](#)
- [Math4x4](#)
- [Math2](#)
- [Math3](#)
- [Math4](#)

Classes

- class [Math](#)
A template class for precision related stuff.
- class [TQuaternion](#)
quaternion template

Defines

- `#define PI 3.1415926535897`

Typedefs

- `typedef Math< float > MathF`
- `typedef Math< double > MathD`
- `typedef TQuaternion< float > Quaternionf`
- `typedef TQuaternion< double > Quaterniond`

Functions

- double **ToDegrees** (double radians)
- double **ToRadians** (double degrees)
- `template<class T> void gml::Clip (T &v, const double a_min, const double a_max)`
Clip a value of given variable by given range for different types T.
- `template<class T> T gml::Clipped (const T v, const double a_min, const double a_max)`
Clip a value of given variable by given range for different types T.
- `template<class T> T gml::Min (const T u, const T v)`
Find minimal value for different type T.
- `template<class T> T gml::Min3 (const T u, const T v, const T w)`
Find minimal value for different type T within three vars.
- `template<class T> T gml::Max (const T u, const T v)`

Find maximal value for different type T.

- `template<class T> T gml::Max3 (const T u, const T v, const T w)`
Find maximal value for different type T within three vars.
- `template<class T> bool operator== (const TQuaternion< T > &q1, const TQuaternion< T > &q2)`
- `template<class T> bool operator!= (const TQuaternion< T > &q1, const TQuaternion< T > &q2)`
- `template<class T> TQuaternion< T > operator * (const TQuaternion< T > &q1, const TQuaternion< T > &q2)`
- `TQuaternion< T_TO > gml::TQuaternion::Conv (const TQuaternion< T_FROM > &u)`
Convert TQuaternion<T_FROM> to TQuaternion<T_TO>.
- `TQuaternion< float > gml::TQuaternion::ConvF (const TQuaternion< T > &u)`
Convert TQuaternion<T> to TQuaternion<float>.
- `TQuaternion< double > gml::TQuaternion::ConvD (const TQuaternion< T > &u)`
Convert TQuaternion<T> to TQuaternion<double>.

Variables

- `const double RAD_TO_DEG = 57.2957795130823208767981548141052`
- `const double DEG_TO_RAD = 0.0174532925199432957692369076848861`
- `const int QUATERNION_NORMALIZATION_THRESHOLD = 64`

7.10 Math2x2

Classes

- class [TMatrix2x2](#)
Template class for 2x2 matrix.

Typedefs

- typedef `TMatrix2x2< double >` **Matrix2x2d**
- typedef `TMatrix2x2< float >` **Matrix2x2f**

Functions

- `TMatrix2x2< T_TO >` [gml::TMatrix2x2::Conv](#) (const `TMatrix2x2< T_FROM >` &u)
Convert `TMatrix2x2<T_FROM>` to `TMatrix2x2<T_TO>`.
- `TMatrix2x2< float >` [gml::TMatrix2x2::ConvF](#) (const `TMatrix2x2< T >` &u)
Convert `TMatrix2x2<T>` to `TMatrix2x2<float>`.
- `TMatrix2x2< double >` [gml::TMatrix2x2::ConvD](#) (const `TMatrix2x2< T >` &u)
Convert `TMatrix2x2<T>` to `TMatrix2x2<double>`.

7.11 Math3x3

Classes

- class [TMatrix3x3](#)
Template class for 3x3 matrix.

Typedefs

- typedef `TMatrix3x3< double >` **Matrix3x3d**
- typedef `TMatrix3x3< float >` **Matrix3x3f**

Functions

- `template<class T> TMatrix3x3< T > MultVectStr (TVector3< T > &v1, TVector3< T > &v2)`
- `TMatrix3x3< T_TO > gml::TMatrix3x3::Conv (const TMatrix3x3< T_FROM > &u)`
Convert `TMatrix3x3<T_FROM>` to `TMatrix3x3<T_TO>`.
- `TMatrix3x3< float > gml::TMatrix3x3::ConvF (const TMatrix3x3< T > &u)`
Convert `TMatrix3x3<T>` to `TMatrix3x3<float>`.
- `TMatrix3x3< double > gml::TMatrix3x3::ConvD (const TMatrix3x3< T > &u)`
Convert `TMatrix3x3<T>` to `TMatrix3x3<double>`.

7.12 Math4x4

Classes

- class [TMatrix4x4](#)
Template class for 4x4 matrix.

Typedefs

- typedef TMatrix4x4< double > **Matrix4x4d**
- typedef TMatrix4x4< float > **Matrix4x4f**

Functions

- TMatrix4x4< T_TO > [gml::TMatrix4x4::Conv](#) (const TMatrix4x4< T_FROM > &u)
Convert TMatrix4x4<T_FROM> to TMatrix4x4<T_TO>.
- TMatrix4x4< float > [gml::TMatrix4x4::ConvF](#) (const TMatrix4x4< T > &u)
Convert TMatrix4x4<T> to TMatrix4x4<float>.
- TMatrix4x4< double > [gml::TMatrix4x4::ConvD](#) (const TMatrix4x4< T > &u)
Convert TMatrix4x4<T> to TMatrix4x4<double>.

7.13 Math4

Classes

- class [TVector4](#)
Template class for 4D geometric vectors.
- class [Math4](#)
Comparison of 4D vectors with a tolerance.

Typedefs

- typedef [TVector4< short >](#) **Vector4s**
- typedef [TVector4< int >](#) **Vector4i**
- typedef [TVector4< float >](#) **Vector4f**
- typedef [TVector4< double >](#) **Vector4d**
- typedef [Math4< float >](#) **Math4f**
- typedef [Math4< double >](#) **Math4d**

Functions

- [TVector4< T > glm::TVector4::operator *](#) (const double d, const TVector4< T > &u)
Multiplication of scalar d by TVector u.
- double [glm::TVector4::SqrLength](#) (const TVector4< T > &u)
Squared length of given vector.
- double [glm::TVector4::Length](#) (const TVector4< T > &u)
Length of the vector.
- double [glm::TVector4::DotProduct](#) (const TVector4< T > &v1, const TVector4< T > &v2)
Dot product.
- [TVector4< T_TO > glm::TVector4::Conv](#) (const TVector4< T_FROM > &u)
Convert TVector4<T_FROM> to TVector4<T_TO>.
- [TVector4< float > glm::TVector4::ConvF](#) (const TVector4< T > &u)
Convert TVector4<T> to TVector4<float>.
- [TVector4< double > glm::TVector4::ConvD](#) (const TVector4< T > &u)
Convert TVector4<T> to TVector4<double>.
- [TVector4< int > glm::TVector4::ConvI](#) (const TVector4< T > &u)
Convert TVector4<T> to TVector4<int>.
- [TVector4< short > glm::TVector4::ConvS](#) (const TVector4< T > &u)
Convert TVector4<T> to TVector4<int>.

7.14 Net

Classes

- class [Socket](#)

A wrapper for Win32 stream socket.

7.15 Utils3D

Classes

- class **ModeBrowser**
- class **TrackballBrowser**
- class **WalkBrowser**
- class **Browser**
3D navigation helper class

- class **Camera**
Class representing 3d virtual camera.

- class **FrameCounter**
Simple frame rate (FPS) counter.

- class **Viewport**
Class representing 3d viewport (a window with associated camera).

Functions

- void **CalculateClipPlanes** (const Viewport &view, const BBox3d &domain, double &p_near, double &p_far)

7.16 UtilsGL

Classes

- class [GLRC](#)

OpenGL context handling

Attention:

Include windows.h before using this file! Usage:

```
GLRC glrc;
// inside window creation
glrc.Create(wnd);
// before rendering into window
glrc.MakeCurrent();
// ...
// display in the screen (in case of double buffering)
glrc.SwapBuffers();
// ..
// delete gl context (may be avoided, because called in destructor anyway)
glrc.Destroy();
```

- class [GLRC](#)

OpenGL context handling

Attention:

Include windows.h before using this file! Usage:

```
GLRC glrc;
// inside window creation
glrc.Create(wnd);
// before rendering into window
glrc.MakeCurrent();
// ...
// display in the screen (in case of double buffering)
glrc.SwapBuffers();
// ..
// delete gl context (may be avoided, because called in destructor anyway)
glrc.Destroy();
```

Functions

- int [gml::InitGLExtensions](#) (const char *origReqExts)
Return 1 if all extensions listed in origReqExts are supported by GL implementation.
- const char * [gml::GetUnsupportedGLExtensions](#) ()
Return a list of unsupported extensions (should be called after InitGLExtensions).
- void **RenderBBox** (const [gml::BBox3f](#) &bbox, const [gml::ColorRGBAf](#) &color)

7.16.1 Function Documentation

7.16.1.1 int InitGLExtensions (const char * origReqExts)

Return 1 if all extensions listed in origReqExts are supported by GL implementation.

Extensions should be separated with spaces, like "GL_ARB_multitexture " "GL_NV_evaluators " "GL_NV_texture_shader "

Chapter 8

Graphics and Media Lab CSL Class Documentation

8.1 BBox2 Class Template Reference

A template class for 2D boundary box.

```
#include <gmlbbox2.h>
```

Public Member Functions

Constructors

- [BBox2](#) ()
no initialization
- [BBox2](#) (const [TVector2](#)< T > &point)
from point
- [BBox2](#) (const [TVector2](#)< T > &point1, const [TVector2](#)< T > &point2)
from two points

Comparison operators and methods

- bool [NotEmpty](#) () const
Test for validity.
- bool [IsDot](#) () const
If the box is actually a dot.
- bool [Includes](#) (const [TVector2](#)< T > &point) const
Test for point inclusion.
- bool [Includes](#) (const [BBox2](#)< T > &box) const

Test for box inclusion.

- bool **Intersects** (const **BBox2**< T > &box) const
Test for intersection.

Miscellaneous methods

- void **Include** (const **TVector2**< T > &point)
Expand the box to include the given point.
- void **Include** (const **TVector2**< T > *points, int npoints)
Expand the box to include the given points.
- void **Include** (const **BBox2**< T > &box)
Expand the box to include the given box.
- void **Include** (const **BBox2**< T > *bboxes, int nbboxes)
Expand the box to include the given boxes.
- void **Intersect** (const **BBox2**< T > &box)
Intersect with given box.
- void **SetRect** (const T &in_Left, const T &in_Top, const T &in_Right, const T &in_Bottom)
Set box sizes.
- void **ExpandBy** (const T &in_Value)
Adjust size by given value (give < 0 to deflate).
- void **ExpandBy** (const T &in_HValue, const T &in_VValue)
Adjust sizes by given value (give < 0 to deflate).
- void **Translate** (const **TVector2**< T > &vct)
Translate the box to given vector.
- **BBox2**< T > **Translated** (const **TVector2**< T > &vct) const
Returns box translated by vct.
- **TVector2**< T > **Diag** () const
Return diagonal.
- **TVector2**< T > **Center** () const
Return Center of this box.
- double **Volume** () const
Return value of the volume.
- double **Width** () const
Return value of width.

- double [Height](#) () const
Return value of height.
- **BBox2** (const tagRECT &p)
- [BBox2](#)< T > & **operator=** (const tagRECT &p)
- **operator tagRECT** ()
- **operator CvRect** ()

Public Attributes

- [TVector2](#)< T > **vmin**
Minimal boundary.
- [TVector2](#)< T > **vmax**
Maximal boundary.

8.1.1 Detailed Description

template<class T> class gml::BBox2< T >

A template class for 2D boundary box.

The documentation for this class was generated from the following file:

- [gmlbbox2.h](#)

8.2 BBox3 Class Template Reference

A template class for 2D boundary box.

```
#include <gmlbbox3.h>
```

Public Member Functions

Constructors

- [BBox3](#) ()
no initialization
- [BBox3](#) (const [TVector3](#)< T > &point)
from point
- [BBox3](#) (const [TVector3](#)< T > &point1, const [TVector3](#)< T > &point2)
from two points

Comparison operators and methods

- bool [NotEmpty](#) () const
Test for validity.
- bool [IsDot](#) () const
If the box is actually a dot.
- bool [Includes](#) (const [TVector3](#)< T > &point) const
Test for point inclusion.
- bool [Includes](#) (const [BBox3](#)< T > &box) const
Test for box inclusion.
- bool [Intersects](#) (const [BBox3](#)< T > &box) const
Test for intersection.

Miscellaneous methods

- void [Include](#) (const [TVector3](#)< T > &point)
Expand the box to include the given point.
- void [Include](#) (const [TVector3](#)< T > *points, int npoints)
Expand the box to include the given points.
- void [Include](#) (const [BBox3](#)< T > &box)
Expand the box to include the given box.
- void [Include](#) (const [BBox3](#)< T > *bboxes, int nbboxes)

Expand the box to include the given boxes.

- void **Intersect** (const **BBox3**< T > &box)
Intersect with given box.
- void **ExpandBy** (const T &in_Value)
Adjust size by given value (give < 0 to deflate).
- void **ExpandBy** (const **TVector3**< T > &expand_vec)
Adjust sizes by given value (give < 0 to deflate).
- void **Translate** (const **TVector3**< T > &vct)
Translate the box to given vector.
- **BBox3**< T > **Translated** (const **TVector3**< T > &vct) const
Returns box translated by vct.
- **TVector3**< T > **Diag** () const
Return diagonal.
- **TVector3**< T > **Center** () const
Return Center of this box.
- double **Volume** () const
Return value of the volume.

Public Attributes

- **TVector3**< T > **vmin**
Minimal boundary.
- **TVector3**< T > **vmax**
Maximal boundary.

8.2.1 Detailed Description

template<class T> class gml::BBox3< T >

A template class for 2D boundary box.

The documentation for this class was generated from the following file:

- [gmlbbox3.h](#)

8.3 Browser Class Reference

3D navigation helper class

```
#include <gmlbrowser.h>
```

Public Types

- enum **NAV_MODE** { **NAV_TRACKBALL**, **NAV_WALK** }

Public Member Functions

- **Browser** ([Viewport](#) &viewport)
- void **SetNavigationMode** (NAV_MODE nav_mode)
- ModeBrowser * **GetModeBrowser** ()
- void **SetDomain** (const [BBox3f](#) &scene_size, bool update_position=true)
- [BBox3f](#) **GetDomain** () const
- void **MouseButton** (const [Vector2i](#) &pos, int button, bool pressed)
- void **MouseMotion** (const [Vector2i](#) &pos, int button)
- void **MousePassiveMotion** (const [Vector2i](#) &pos)
- void **MouseWheel** (const [Vector2i](#) &pos, int delta)
- bool **KeyDown** (int key, int options)
- bool **KeyUp** (int key, int options)

8.3.1 Detailed Description

3D navigation helper class

The documentation for this class was generated from the following files:

- [gmlbrowser.h](#)
- [gmlbrowser.cpp](#)

8.4 BSphere3 Class Template Reference

Template class for 3D bounding sphere.

```
#include <gmlbsphere3.h>
```

Miscellaneous methods

- void [Include](#) (const [TVector3](#)< T > &point)
Expand the sphere to include given point.
- void [Include](#) (const [BSphere3](#) &bsphere)
Expand the sphere to include given sphere.
- T [radius](#)
Radius of the sphere.
- [TVector3](#)< T > [center](#)
Center point.

Public Member Functions

Constructors

- [BSphere3](#) ()
default constructor
- [BSphere3](#) (const [TVector3](#)< T > ¢er0, const double radius0=0)
initialize class members by defined values
- [BSphere3](#) (const [BBox3](#)< T > &bbox)
construct sphere from given bounding box

8.4.1 Detailed Description

```
template<class T> class gml::BSphere3< T >
```

Template class for 3D bounding sphere.

Parameters:

T - template type of [TVector](#) elements

Warning:

Use it with some SIGNED integral type, or a real type

The documentation for this class was generated from the following file:

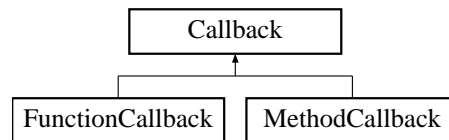
- [gmlbsphere3.h](#)

8.5 Callback Class Reference

Base class for callback with no arguments and no return value.

```
#include <gmlcallback.h>
```

Inheritance diagram for Callback::



Public Member Functions

- virtual void **Call** ()=0
- void **Call** () const
Callback method.

8.5.1 Detailed Description

Base class for callback with no arguments and no return value.

8.5.2 Member Function Documentation

8.5.2.1 void Call () const [inline]

[Callback](#) method.

This method will be called for the callback with the appropriate arguments and must be defined by a derived class.

The documentation for this class was generated from the following file:

- [gmlcallback.h](#)

8.6 Camera Class Reference

Class representing 3d virtual camera.

```
#include <gmlcamera.h>
```

Public Member Functions

- void [SetViewAngle](#) (float view_angle)
set camera view angle (angle should be between 0 and 180 degrees)
- float [GetViewAngle](#) () const
return camera view angle
- void [SetDistanceToTarget](#) (float target_distance)
set distance from camera to target
- float [GetDistanceToTarget](#) () const
return distance from camera to target
- const [Matrix4x4d](#) & [GetTransform](#) () const
set view transformation
- void [SetTransform](#) (const [Matrix4x4d](#) &view_transform)
return view transformation
- [Vector3d](#) [GetViewVector](#) () const
get view vector of camera (normalized)
- [Vector3d](#) [GetUpVector](#) () const
get up vector of camera (normalized)
- [Vector3d](#) [GetRightVector](#) () const
get up vector of camera (normalized)
- [Vector3d](#) [GetObserver](#) () const
- void [SetObserver](#) (const [Vector3d](#) &obs)
- [Matrix4x4d](#) [GetRotation](#) () const
- void [SetRotation](#) (const [Matrix4x4d](#) &rot)

Protected Attributes

- [Matrix4x4d](#) [m_view_transform](#)
OpenGL ready viewing transform (global -> eye).
- [Matrix4x4d](#) [m_inv_view_transform](#)
inverse view transform (eye -> global)
- float [m_view_angle](#)

view angle (degrees)

- float [m_target_distance](#)
distance to target

8.6.1 Detailed Description

Class representing 3d virtual camera.

The documentation for this class was generated from the following file:

- [gmlcamera.h](#)

8.7 CIniFile Class Reference

Handling of INI-files.

```
#include <gmlinifile.h>
```

Public Member Functions

- bool **IsSuchKeyInFile** (const char *key)
- bool **IsSuchNameInThisKey** (const char *key, const char *name)
- **CIniFile** ()
Default constructor.
- **CIniFile** (const char *inipath)
Constructor, can specify pathname here instead of using SetPath later.
- virtual **~CIniFile** ()
Default destructor.
- void **SetPath** (const char *newpath)
Sets path of ini file to read and write from.
- bool **ReadFile** ()
Reads ini file specified using CIniFile::SetPath().
- void **WriteFile** ()
Writes data stored in class to ini file.
- void **Reset** ()
Deletes all stored ini data.
- int **GetNumKeys** ()
number of keys currently in the ini
- int **GetNumValues** (const char *keyname)
number of values stored for specified key
- std::string **GetValue** (const char *keyname, const char *valuenam) =
gets value of [keyname] valuenam =
- void **GetValue** (const char *keyname, const char *valuenam, char *out_pcBuf, int in_iMaxChar)
gets value of [keyname] valuenam =
- int **GetValueI** (const char *keyname, const char *valuenam) =
gets value of [keyname] valuenam =
- double **GetValueF** (const char *keyname, const char *valuenam) =
gets value of [keyname] valuenam =
- bool **SetValue** (const char *key, const char *valuenam, const char *value, bool create=1)

sets value of [keyname] valuenam =.

- bool [SetValue](#) (const char *key, const char *valuenam, int value, bool create=1)
sets value of [keyname] valuenam =.
- bool [SetValueF](#) (const char *key, const char *valuenam, double value, bool create=1)
sets value of [keyname] valuenam =.
- bool [DeleteValue](#) (const char *keyname, const char *valuenam)
deletes specified value
- bool [DeleteKey](#) (const char *keyname)
deletes specified key and all values contained within

Public Attributes

- std::string [error](#)
will contain error info if one occurs ended up not using much, just in ReadFile and GetValue

8.7.1 Detailed Description

Handling of INI-files.

8.7.2 Member Function Documentation

8.7.2.1 bool ReadFile ()

Reads ini file specified using [CIniFile::SetPath\(\)](#).

Returns:

true if successful, false otherwise

8.7.2.2 std::string GetValue (const char * keyname, const char * valuenam)

gets value of [keyname] valuenam =

Returns:

"", or 0 if key/value not found. Sets error member to show problem

8.7.2.3 void GetValue (const char * keyname, const char * valuenam, char * out_pcBuf, int in_iMaxChar)

gets value of [keyname] valuenam =

Returns:

"", or 0 if key/value not found. Sets error member to show problem

8.7.2.4 int GetValueI (const char * *keyname*, const char * *valuenam*e)

gets value of [keyname] valuenam =

Returns:

"", or 0 if key/value not found. Sets error member to show problem

8.7.2.5 double GetValueF (const char * *keyname*, const char * *valuenam*e)

gets value of [keyname] valuenam =

Returns:

"", or 0 if key/value not found. Sets error member to show problem

8.7.2.6 bool SetValue (const char * *key*, const char * *valuenam*e, const char * *value*, bool *create* = 1)

sets value of [keyname] valuenam =.

specify the optional paramter as false (0) if you do not want it to create the key if it doesn't exist.

Returns:

true if data entered, false otherwise

8.7.2.7 bool SetValueI (const char * *key*, const char * *valuenam*e, int *value*, bool *create* = 1)

sets value of [keyname] valuenam =.

specify the optional paramter as false (0) if you do not want it to create the key if it doesn't exist.

Returns:

true if data entered, false otherwise

8.7.2.8 bool SetValueF (const char * *key*, const char * *valuenam*e, double *value*, bool *create* = 1)

sets value of [keyname] valuenam =.

specify the optional paramter as false (0) if you do not want it to create the key if it doesn't exist.

Returns:

true if data entered, false otherwise

8.7.2.9 bool DeleteValue (const char * *keyname*, const char * *valuenam*e)

deletes specified value

Returns:

true if value existed and deleted, false otherwise

8.7.2.10 bool DeleteKey (const char * *keyname*)

deletes specified key and all values contained within

Returns:

returns true if key existed and deleted, false otherwise

The documentation for this class was generated from the following files:

- gmlinifile.h
- gmlinifile.cpp

8.8 DIntelImage Class Reference

Intel libraries IplImage wrap class.

```
#include <IntelImage.h>
```

Public Member Functions

- void [DeleteImages](#) ()
Free image memory (called automatically).
- bool [CheckImage](#) (int width, int height, int in_iChannels)
Check if image matches the specified size and channels number.
- IplImage * [GetImage](#) ()
Get pointer to stored image.
- int [width](#) ()
Get width of the image.
- int [height](#) ()
Get height of the image.
- int [step](#) ()
Get image aligned width.
- unsigned char * [GetLineFast](#) (int in_iLine)
Get pointer to line.
- unsigned char * [GetLineSafe](#) (int in_iLine)
Get pointer to line.

Creation

- [DIntelImage](#) ()
Default constructor.
- void [CreateImage](#) (int width, int height, int depth=IPL_DEPTH_8U, int nChannels=3)
Create an empty image with specified size, bit depth and channels number.
- void [AttachImage](#) (IplImage *in_pImage)
Attach IplImage. The image is replaced by in_pImage, memory management will be done by DIntelImage from now on.
- void [CloneImage](#) (IplImage *in_pImage)
Create a full copy of the in_pImage.
- void [CopyOf](#) (DIntelImage &in_Image, int desired_color=-1)
Create a copy of the given DIntelImage with possibility of color <-> grayscale transfer.

Relation to SimpleImage

- `gml::SimpleImage * CopyToSimpleImage ()`

Destruction

- `IplImage * DetachImage ()`
Detach IplImage. The detached IplImage should be destroyed by the programmer.
- `virtual ~DIntellImage ()`
Destructor.

Filework

- `bool LoadImage (const char *in_sFileName)`
Load image from file.
- `void SaveImage (const char *in_sFileName)`
Save image to file.

Image drawing (actually, painting) in MFC

- `void DrawImage (CDC *in_pDC, CPoint in_vOrigin, float in_dRatio)`
Paint image in MFC device context with specified offset and scale.
- `void DrawImage (CDC *in_pDC, CPoint in_vOrigin, int in_iHeight=-1)`
Paint image in MFC device context with specified offset and destination image height.
- `void DrawImage (CDC *in_pDC, gml::BBox2i in_SrcBox, gml::BBox2i in_TrkBox)`
Paint part of the image in MFC device context in specified window.

Image drawing (actually, painting) in Borland Object Window Library

- `void DrawImage (Graphics::TBitmap *in_pTarget, TPoint in_vOrigin, float in_dRatio=1)`
Paint image in Borland OWL TBitmap with specified offset and scale.

Protected Member Functions**Forbidden operations**

- `DIntellImage (DIntellImage &)`
Copy constructor (not implemented).
- `DIntellImage operator= (DIntellImage &)`
Assignment operator (not implemented).

Protected Attributes

- `IplImage * m_pImage`
Pointer to stored IplImage.

8.8.1 Detailed Description

Intel libraries IplImage wrap class.

8.8.2 Member Function Documentation

8.8.2.1 `void CopyOf (DIntelImage & in_Image, int desired_color = -1)`

Create a copy of the given DIntelImage with possibility of color <-> grayscale transfer.

Parameters:

in_Image image to copy;

desired_color contols the color properties of the resulting image (-1 - do not change color/grayscale properties, 0 - the image becomes grayscale, 1 - image becomes color).

8.8.2.2 `bool LoadImage (const char * in_sFileName)`

Load image from file.

Load image from a specified filename. Returns true in case of success, false on error. Depends on the highgui.dll and (c)vlgrfmts.dll installed on your machine (both libraries are provided with Intel OpenCV), but usually jpeg, bmp, tiff, pxm are supported.

8.8.2.3 `void SaveImage (const char * in_sFileName)`

Save image to file.

Save image to a specified filename. The image format is taken from the file extension (jpg, bmp, tif, pxm). Depends on the highgui.dll and (c)vlgrfmts.dll installed on your machine (both libraries are provided with Intel OpenCV), but usually jpeg, bmp, tiff, pxm are supported.

8.8.2.4 `void DrawImage (CDC * in_pDC, CPoint in_vOrigin, float in_dRatio)`

Paint image in MFC device context with specified offset and scale.

Function is available only if GML_USE_MFC is defined at the time of compilation. The image is scaled to the given ratio and painted in the CDC with the specified offset

8.8.2.5 `void DrawImage (CDC * in_pDC, CPoint in_vOrigin, int in_iHeight = -1)`

Paint image in MFC device context with specified offset and destination image height.

Function is available only if GML_USE_MFC is defined at the time of compilation. The image is scaled to fit the given height (aspect ratio is preserved) and painted in the CDC with the specified offset

8.8.2.6 void DrawImage (CDC * *in_pDC*, [gml::BBox2i](#) *in_SrcBox*, [gml::BBox2i](#) *in_TrgBox*)

Paint part of the image in MFC device context in specified window.

Function is available only if GML_USE_MFC is defined at the time of compilation. The image is scaled to fit the given window (aspect ratio is preserved)

8.8.2.7 void DrawImage (Graphics::TBitmap * *in_pTarget*, TPoint *in_vOrigin*, float *in_dRatio* = 1)

Paint image in Borland OWL TBitmap with specified offset and scale.

Function is available only if GML_USE_OWL is defined at the time of compilation. The image is scaled to the given ratio and painted in the TBitmap with the specified offset

The documentation for this class was generated from the following files:

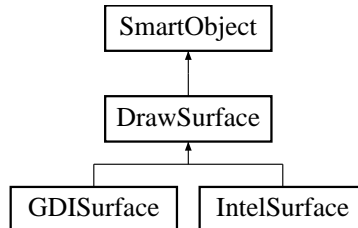
- IntelImage.h
- IntelImage.cpp

8.9 DrawSurface Class Reference

Generic image class.

```
#include <gmldrawsurface.h>
```

Inheritance diagram for DrawSurface::



Public Member Functions

- [DrawSurface](#) ()
Constructor.
- virtual [~DrawSurface](#) ()
Empty destructor.
- virtual void **DrawLine** (int in_iX0, int in_iY0, int in_iX1, int in_iY1, [Color3ub](#) in_Color=[Color3ub](#)(255, 255, 255))=0
- virtual void **DrawLine** ([gml::Vector2i](#) in_vStart, [gml::Vector2i](#) in_vEnd, [Color3ub](#) in_Color=[Color3ub](#)(255, 255, 255))=0
- virtual void **FrameRect** (int in_iX0, int in_iY0, int in_iX1, int in_iY1, [Color3ub](#) in_Color=[Color3ub](#)(255, 255, 255))=0
- virtual void **FrameRect** ([gml::Vector2i](#) in_vMin, [gml::Vector2i](#) in_vMax, [Color3ub](#) in_Color=[Color3ub](#)(255, 255, 255))=0
- virtual void **Circle** (int in_iX0, int in_iY0, int in_iRadius, [Color3ub](#) in_Color=[Color3ub](#)(255, 255, 255))=0
- virtual void **Circle** ([gml::Vector2i](#) in_vCenter, int in_iRadius, [Color3ub](#) in_Color=[Color3ub](#)(255, 255, 255))=0
- virtual void **PolyLine** ([gml::Vector2i](#) *in_pVectors, int in_iPoints, [Color3ub](#) in_Color=[Color3ub](#)(255, 255, 255))=0
- virtual void **PolyGon** ([gml::Vector2i](#) *in_pVectors, int in_iPoints, [Color3ub](#) in_Color=[Color3ub](#)(255, 255, 255))=0

8.9.1 Detailed Description

Generic image class.

Some functionality should be defined in children

The documentation for this class was generated from the following file:

- [gmldrawsurface.h](#)

8.10 File Class Reference

A class for working with files (a wrapped to FILE *).

```
#include <gmlfile.h>
```

Methods

- bool **Open** (const char *mode)
Opening of file according to mode. The list of allowed modes:.
- bool **Opened** () const
True if file was previously opened.
- bool **Close** ()
Close the file.
- bool **ReadStr** (String &out_buff, int len_buff, bool *out_nl=NULL)
- bool **ReadStr** (char *out_buff, int len_buff, bool *out_nl=NULL)
- bool **ReadStr** (String &out_buff)
- void **Read** (BYTE *out_buff, int len_buff, int &out_size)
- void **WriteStr** (const String &str)
- void **WriteStr** (const char *out_buff,...)
- void **Write** (const BYTE *buff, int size)
- void **Flush** ()
- bool **Remove** ()
- bool **Rename** (const PathString &new_file_name)
- bool **IsError** ()
- PathString **PathName** () const
- int **Printf** (const char *format,...)
- bool **Seek** (long offset)
- bool **SeekCur** (long offset)
- bool **SeekEnd** (long offset)
- long **FilePos** () const
Gets current file offset.
- long **FileSize** () const
Returns the size of the file in bytes.
- bool **Copy** (const PathString &name_from, const PathString &name_to)
- enum { **MODE_TEXT**, **MODE_BINARY** }
- enum { **MODE_READ**, **MODE_WRITE**, **MODE_READ_WRITE** }
- FILE * **fd**
- int **mode_tb**
- int **mode_rw**

Public Member Functions

Constructors

- **File** (const [PathString](#) &full_pathname)
Sets a full path to the file only.
- **File** (const [File](#) &file)
Copy constructor.
- **~File** ()
Destructor. [File](#) will be closed if it was opened.

Protected Types

8.10.1 Detailed Description

A class for working with files (a wrapped to FILE *).

8.10.2 Constructor & Destructor Documentation

8.10.2.1 **File** (const [File](#) &file)

Copy constructor.

File may not be opened. Debug version asserts if this condition is violated.

8.10.3 Member Function Documentation

8.10.3.1 **bool Open** (const char * mode)

Opening of file according to mode. The list of allowed modes:.

Parameters:

mode - i/o mode of the file to open

- "r" - open for reading only; the file must exist.
- "w" - create a new file or open an existing file for writing.
- "a" - open for writing at the end-of-file or create for writing if the file does not exist.
- "r+" - open an existing file for reading and writing.
- "w+" - open an empty file for reading and writing.
- "a+" - open for reading and appending; create a file if it does not exist.

Note:

Files are open in text mode as a default. Character 'b' may be appended to the above modes to open file in binary mode ('b' may also precede '+' sign). Path to file must be specified. Debug version asserts if this condition is violated.

8.10.3.2 bool Close ()

Close the file.

Returns:

- true (if there were no problems when working with the file and the file was closed successfully).
- false (either I/O error while working with file or closing error).

Note:

File must be opened. Debug version asserts if this condition is violated

The documentation for this class was generated from the following files:

- gmlfile.h
- gmlfile.cpp

8.11 FileFinder Class Reference

```
#include <gmlfilefinder.h>
```

Public Member Functions

- bool [FindFiles](#) (const char *filefilter="*", const [gml::PathString](#) &="", int recursionlevel=-1)
- [gml::PathString](#) [GetStartDir](#) ()
- std::vector< [gml::PathString](#) > & [GetCompleteFileList](#) ()

Protected Member Functions

- [FileFinder](#) (const [FileFinder](#) &right)
- const [FileFinder](#) & [operator=](#) (const [FileFinder](#) &right)

8.11.1 Detailed Description

A class which enumerate all the files and directories under specified start directory

Todo

- : add directory structure handling

8.11.2 Member Function Documentation

8.11.2.1 bool FindFiles (const char * *filefilter* = "*", const [gml::PathString](#) & = "", int *recursionlevel* = -1)

search the startdir for files with a specified filename or extension filter. startdir == NULL => from the current directory recursion level == -1 => all sub-levels

The documentation for this class was generated from the following file:

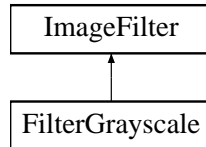
- gmlfilefinder.h

8.12 FilterGrayscale Class Reference

Creates a grayscale version of a color bitmap.

```
#include <gmlfiltergrayscale.h>
```

Inheritance diagram for FilterGrayscale::



Public Types

- enum [METHOD](#) {
[M_R](#), [M_G](#), [M_B](#), [M_AVERAGE](#),
[M_EYE](#) }
method to convert from RGB to LUM: take RED, GREEN, BLUE, or simple average color, or use "human eye" formula

Public Member Functions

- virtual void [Apply](#) (const [Image](#) *pBmpSource, [Image](#) *pBmpDest) const
Applies the Filter to pBmpSource and stores the result in pBmpDest.
- void [SetMethod](#) ([METHOD](#) m)

8.12.1 Detailed Description

Creates a grayscale version of a color bitmap.

8.12.2 Member Function Documentation

8.12.2.1 virtual void [Apply](#) (const [Image](#) *pBmpSource, [Image](#) *pBmpDest) const [virtual]

Applies the Filter to pBmpSource and stores the result in pBmpDest.

The base-class version copies the bitmap before calling ApplyInPlace (pBmpDest).

Reimplemented from [ImageFilter](#).

The documentation for this class was generated from the following file:

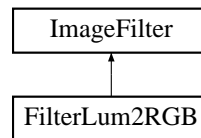
- [gmlfiltergrayscale.h](#)

8.13 FilterLum2RGB Class Reference

Creates a Lum2RGB version of a color bitmap.

```
#include <gmlfilterlum2rgb.h>
```

Inheritance diagram for FilterLum2RGB::



Public Member Functions

- virtual void [Apply](#) (const [Image](#) *pBmpSource, [Image](#) *pBmpDest) const
Applies the Filter to pBmpSource and stores the result in pBmpDest.

8.13.1 Detailed Description

Creates a Lum2RGB version of a color bitmap.

8.13.2 Member Function Documentation

8.13.2.1 virtual void [Apply](#) (const [Image](#) *pBmpSource, [Image](#) *pBmpDest) const [virtual]

Applies the Filter to pBmpSource and stores the result in pBmpDest.

The base-class version copies the bitmap before calling [ApplyInPlace](#) (pBmpDest).

Reimplemented from [ImageFilter](#).

The documentation for this class was generated from the following file:

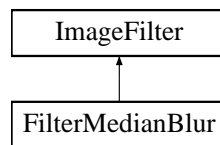
- [gmlfilterlum2rgb.h](#)

8.14 FilterMedianBlur Class Reference

Creates a MedianBlur version of a color bitmap.

```
#include <gmlfiltermedian.h>
```

Inheritance diagram for FilterMedianBlur::



Public Member Functions

- virtual void **Apply** (const **Image** *pBmpSource, **Image** *pBmpDest) const
Applies the Filter to pBmpSource and stores the result in pBmpDest.
- virtual void **SetRadius** (int r)

8.14.1 Detailed Description

Creates a MedianBlur version of a color bitmap.

8.14.2 Member Function Documentation

8.14.2.1 virtual void Apply (const **Image** *pBmpSource, **Image** *pBmpDest) const [virtual]

Applies the Filter to pBmpSource and stores the result in pBmpDest.

The base-class version copies the bitmap before calling ApplyInPlace (pBmpDest).

Reimplemented from [ImageFilter](#).

The documentation for this class was generated from the following file:

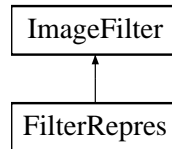
- gmlfiltermedian.h

8.15 FilterRepres Class Reference

Transferrés between different representations.

```
#include <gmlfilterrepres.h>
```

Inheritance diagram for FilterRepres::



Public Member Functions

- **FilterRepres** (Image::REPRES in_Repres=Image::R_BYTE, double in_dCoeff=1, bool in_bClipTypeBounds=true)
- void **SetParam** (Image::REPRES in_Repres=Image::R_BYTE, double in_dCoeff=1, bool in_bClipTypeBounds=true)
- virtual void **Apply** (const [Image](#) *pBmpSource, [Image](#) *pBmpDest) const
Applies the Filter to pBmpSource and stores the result in pBmpDest.

8.15.1 Detailed Description

Transferrés between different representations.

8.15.2 Member Function Documentation

8.15.2.1 virtual void **Apply** (const [Image](#) *pBmpSource, [Image](#) *pBmpDest) const [virtual]

Applies the Filter to pBmpSource and stores the result in pBmpDest.

The base-class version copies the bitmap before calling ApplyInPlace (pBmpDest).

Reimplemented from [ImageFilter](#).

The documentation for this class was generated from the following file:

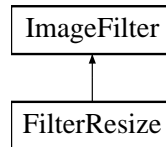
- gmlfilterrepres.h

8.16 FilterResize Class Reference

Creates a MedianBlur version of a color bitmap.

```
#include <gmlfilterresize.h>
```

Inheritance diagram for FilterResize::



Public Types

- enum **RESIZE_TYPE** { **FASTEST** = 1, **BILINEAR** }

Public Member Functions

- **FilterResize** (int in_iDstWdt, int in_iDstHgt, RESIZE_TYPE in_Type)
- virtual void **Apply** (const **Image** *pBmpSource, **Image** *pBmpDest) const
Applies the Filter to pBmpSource and stores the result in pBmpDest.
- virtual void **SetResizeParam** (int in_iDstWdt, int in_iDstHgt, RESIZE_TYPE in_Type)

8.16.1 Detailed Description

Creates a MedianBlur version of a color bitmap.

8.16.2 Member Function Documentation

8.16.2.1 virtual void Apply (const **Image** *pBmpSource, **Image** *pBmpDest) const [virtual]

Applies the Filter to pBmpSource and stores the result in pBmpDest.

The base-class version copies the bitmap before calling ApplyInPlace (pBmpDest).

Reimplemented from [ImageFilter](#).

The documentation for this class was generated from the following file:

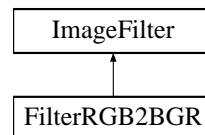
- gmlfilterresize.h

8.17 FilterRGB2BGR Class Reference

Creates a Lum2RGB version of a color bitmap.

```
#include <gmlfilterrgb2bgr.h>
```

Inheritance diagram for FilterRGB2BGR::



Public Member Functions

- virtual void [ApplyInPlace](#) ([Image](#) *pBmp) const
In-Place Apply.

8.17.1 Detailed Description

Creates a Lum2RGB version of a color bitmap.

8.17.2 Member Function Documentation

8.17.2.1 virtual void [ApplyInPlace](#) ([Image](#) * *pBmp*) const [virtual]

In-Place Apply.

Applies the filter to pBmp. The base-class version copies the bitmap after calling Apply (pBmp, pTempBmp).

Reimplemented from [ImageFilter](#).

The documentation for this class was generated from the following file:

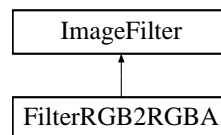
- gmlfilterrgb2bgr.h

8.18 FilterRGB2RGBA Class Reference

Creates a grayscale version of a color bitmap.

```
#include <gmlfilterrgb2rgba.h>
```

Inheritance diagram for FilterRGB2RGBA::



Public Member Functions

- **FilterRGB2RGBA** (const [gml::Color3ub](#) &in_Color=[gml::Color3ub](#)(255, 255, 255))
- virtual void **Apply** (const [Image](#) *pBmpSource, [Image](#) *pBmpDest) const
Applies the Filter to pBmpSource and stores the result in pBmpDest.
- void **SetTransparentColor** (const [gml::Color3ub](#) &in_Color)

8.18.1 Detailed Description

Creates a grayscale version of a color bitmap.

8.18.2 Member Function Documentation

8.18.2.1 void **Apply** (const [Image](#) *pBmpSource, [Image](#) *pBmpDest) const [virtual]

Applies the Filter to pBmpSource and stores the result in pBmpDest.

The base-class version copies the bitmap before calling ApplyInPlace (pBmpDest).

Reimplemented from [ImageFilter](#).

The documentation for this class was generated from the following files:

- gmlfilterrgb2rgba.h
- gmlfilterrgb2rgba.cpp

8.19 FrameCounter Class Reference

Simple frame rate (FPS) counter.

```
#include <gmlframecounter.h>
```

Public Member Functions

- [FrameCounter](#) ()
constructor
- [~FrameCounter](#) ()
destructor
- void [SetUpdateSpeed](#) (double ms)
Set counted update speed in milliseconds.
- double [GetUpdateSpeed](#) () const
Return counter update speed.
- void [SetMinimumFrameCount](#) (int count)
Set minimum number of frames needed to calculate FPS.
- double [GetMinimumFrameCount](#) () const
Return counter update speed.
- void [Reset](#) ()
Signal that animation cycle is started.
- void [FrameStarted](#) ()
Signal that current frame is to be drawn.
- void [FrameFinished](#) ()
Signal that current frame is finished.
- bool [Updated](#) () const
Tells whether FPS has been updated.
- double [GetFrameCount](#) () const
Return the framecount (frames per second).
- double [GetMeanFrameTime](#) () const
Return the mean frame time (msec).

8.19.1 Detailed Description

Simple frame rate (FPS) counter.

8.19.2 Member Function Documentation

8.19.2.1 void SetMinimumFrameCount (int *count*) [inline]

Set minimum number of frames needed to calculate FPS.

FPS will be made and [Updated\(\)](#) flag will be set only if time since latest update > update speed and number of drawn frames (calls to [FrameFinished\(\)](#)) > minimum number of frames

8.19.2.2 void Reset ()

Signal that animation cycle is started.

Probably should be called before first frame

8.19.2.3 void FrameStarted ()

Signal that current frame is to be drawn.

Should be called before each scene display

8.19.2.4 void FrameFinished ()

Signal that current frame is finished.

Should be called after each scene display

8.19.2.5 bool Updated () const

Tells whether FPS has been updated.

Check this after call to [FrameFinished](#). Flag cleared after next call to [FrameFinished](#)

The documentation for this class was generated from the following files:

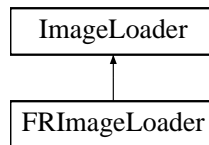
- [gmlframecounter.h](#)
- [gmlframecounter.cpp](#)

8.20 FRImageLoader Class Reference

[Image](#) loader based on FreeImage third-party library.

```
#include <gmlfrimageloader.h>
```

Inheritance diagram for FRImageLoader::



Public Member Functions

- virtual bool **EnumerateLoadableFormats** (void(*f)(IMAGE_FORMAT f))
- virtual bool **EnumerateSaveableFormats** (void(*f)(IMAGE_FORMAT f))
- virtual IMAGE_FORMAT **CheckBitmapFile** (const std::string &path)
- virtual bool **LoadBitmap** (const std::string &path, [Image](#) &out_bitmap, IMAGE_FORMAT format=FORMAT_UNKNOWN, int flags=0)
- virtual bool **SaveBitmap** (const std::string &path, const [Image](#) &bitmap, IMAGE_FORMAT format, int flags=0)

8.20.1 Detailed Description

[Image](#) loader based on FreeImage third-party library.

The documentation for this class was generated from the following files:

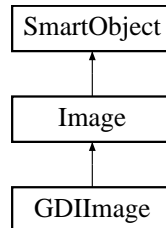
- gmlfrimageloader.h
- gmlfrimageloader.cpp

8.21 GDImage Class Reference

Manipulates uncompressed device- and platform-independent bitmaps.

```
#include <gmlgdiimage.h>
```

Inheritance diagram for GDImage::



Public Member Functions

- [GDImage \(\)](#)
Creates an empty bitmap.
- virtual [~GDImage \(\)](#)
Destroys the bitmap.
- [GDImage \(const Image &Orig\)](#)
Copy constructor.
- [GDImage \(const GDImage &Orig\)](#)
Copy constructor.
- [GDImage & operator= \(const Image &Orig\)](#)
Assignment operator.
- [GDImage & operator= \(const GDImage &Orig\)](#)
- long [GetMemUsed \(\)](#)
Returns the amount of memory used by the object.
- long [GetBytesPerLine \(\)](#) const
Returns number of bytes used per line.
- const BYTE * [GetRawData \(\)](#) const
- BYTE * [GetRawData \(\)](#)
Access to raw data array. Warning!!! Dangerous function! Use with care.
- void [PaintImage \(HDC in_hDC, DWORD dwRop=SRCCOPY\)](#)
Paint image.
- void [PaintImage \(HDC in_hDC, POINT in_ptDstOrg, DWORD dwRop=SRCCOPY\)](#)
Paint image at a specified offset.

- void [PaintImage](#) (HDC in_hDC, POINT in_ptDstOrg, SIZE in_DstSize, DWORD dwRop=SRCCOPY)
Fit image to specified rectangle.
- void [PaintImageRect](#) (HDC in_hDC, POINT in_ptDstOrg, RECT in_SrcRect, SIZE in_DstSize, DWORD dwRop=SRCCOPY)
Fit image fragment to specified rectangle.
- virtual [gml::DrawSurface](#) * [GetDrawSurface](#) ()
Draw surface.
- virtual bool [FastResizeImage](#) (double in_dScale, [gml::GDIImage](#) &out_ResImg)
Fast GDI image resize.

Protected Member Functions

- virtual void [ConstructorInitLocals](#) ()
- virtual bool [InternalCreate](#) (int Width, int Height, FORMAT format, REPRES repres, [ORIENT](#) orient=O_BOTTOMLEFT)
- virtual void [FreeMembers](#) ()
Delete memory allocated by member variables.
- virtual void [InitLineArray](#) ()
Initialize internal table of line addresses.
- virtual void [InternalChangeOrientation](#) ([ORIENT](#) new_orient)
- virtual void [InternalPaint](#) (HDC in_hDC, int in_iDstOrgX, int in_iDstOrgY, int in_iDstWdt, int in_iDstHgt, int in_iSrcOrgX, int in_iSrcOrgY, int in_iSrcWdt, int in_iSrcHgt, DWORD dwRop)

Static Protected Member Functions

- long [GetBytesPerLine](#) (int width, FORMAT f, REPRES r)

Protected Attributes

- BYTE * [m_pBits](#)
Pointer to the bits.
- HDC [m_hDC](#)
Internal device context.
- BITMAPINFO [m_BMInfo](#)
Bitmap info structure.
- RGBQUAD [m_pPalette](#) [255]
Palette for 1-channel images.
- RGBQUAD * [m_pColorTable](#)

- HBITMAP [m_hBMP](#)
BITMAP handel.
- HGDIOBJ [m_hOldHandle](#)
Neded for cleanup.
- int [m_iBytesPerLine](#)
Bytes per line in the created DIB.

Friends

- class [GDISurface](#)

8.21.1 Detailed Description

Manipulates uncompressed device- and platform-independent bitmaps.

The data is stored sequentially without padding in the bitmap. The class implements exactly the interface defined by [gml::Image](#) without additions.

8.21.2 Member Function Documentation

8.21.2.1 `virtual bool InternalCreate (int Width, int Height, FORMAT format, REPRES repres, ORIENT orient = O_BOTTOMLEFT)` [protected, virtual]

Create a new bitmap with uninitialized bits. (Assume no memory is allocated yet.)

Implements [Image](#).

8.21.2.2 `virtual void InternalChangeOrientation (ORIENT new_orient)` [protected, virtual]

Change image orientation to given state

Warning:

you should set `m_orient` variable after actual operation

Implements [Image](#).

The documentation for this class was generated from the following file:

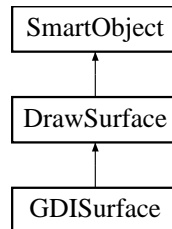
- [gmlgdiimage.h](#)

8.22 GDISurface Class Reference

Generic image class.

```
#include <gmlgdisurface.h>
```

Inheritance diagram for GDISurface::



Public Member Functions

- [GDISurface](#) ([gml::GDImage](#) *in_pImage)
Constructor.
- virtual [~GDISurface](#) ()
Empty destructor.
- void **DrawLine** (int in_iX0, int in_iY0, int in_iX1, int in_iY1, [Color3ub](#) in_Color=[Color3ub](#)(255, 255, 255))
- void **DrawLine** ([gml::Vector2i](#) in_vStart, [gml::Vector2i](#) in_vEnd, [Color3ub](#) in_Color=[Color3ub](#)(255, 255, 255))
- void **FrameRect** (int in_iX0, int in_iY0, int in_iX1, int in_iY1, [Color3ub](#) in_Color=[Color3ub](#)(255, 255, 255))
- void **FrameRect** ([gml::Vector2i](#) in_vMin, [gml::Vector2i](#) in_vMax, [Color3ub](#) in_Color=[Color3ub](#)(255, 255, 255))
- void **Circle** (int in_iX0, int in_iY0, int in_iRadius, [Color3ub](#) in_Color=[Color3ub](#)(255, 255, 255))
- void **Circle** ([gml::Vector2i](#) in_vCenter, int in_iRadius, [Color3ub](#) in_Color=[Color3ub](#)(255, 255, 255))
- void **PolyLine** ([gml::Vector2i](#) *in_pVectors, int in_iPoints, [Color3ub](#) in_Color=[Color3ub](#)(255, 255, 255))
- void **PolyGon** ([gml::Vector2i](#) *in_pVectors, int in_iPoints, [Color3ub](#) in_Color=[Color3ub](#)(255, 255, 255))

Protected Member Functions

- DWORD **GetColor** ([gml::Color3ub](#) in_Color)

Protected Attributes

- [GDImage](#) * m_pImage

8.22.1 Detailed Description

Generic image class.

Some functionality should be defined in children

The documentation for this class was generated from the following file:

- `gmlgdisurface.h`

8.23 GLRC Class Reference

OpenGL context handling

Attention:

Include windows.h before using this file! Usage:

```
GLRC glrc;
// inside window creation
glrc.Create(wnd);
// before rendering into window
glrc.MakeCurrent();
// ...
// display in the screen (in case of double buffering)
glrc.SwapBuffers();
// ..
// delete gl context (may be avoided, because called in destructor anyway)
glrc.Destroy();
```

```
#include <gmlglrc.h>
```

Public Member Functions

Class Construction/Destruction

- [GLRC](#) (HWND wnd)
Constructor from Window Handle (HWND).
- [GLRC](#) (HDC hdc)
Constructor from Device Context Handle(HDC).
- void [Destroy](#) ()
Destory GL context (also called in destructor).
- virtual [~GLRC](#) ()

Context members

- virtual bool [Create](#) ()
Member, needed to create context. Call this before use of OpenGL.
- bool [IsCurrent](#) () const
Member, that return true if opengl is ready to draw.
- bool [MakeCurrent](#) ()
Prepare current context for use.
- void [SwapBuffers](#) ()
Call this insted of opengl's swap buffer, at the end of the drawing.

Protected Attributes

- `bool m_created`
true inside `Create()` / `Destory()` pair
- `HWND m_wnd`
Window handle.
- `HDC m_dc`
Device Context handle.
- `HGLRC m_glrc`
OpenGL Context handle.

8.23.1 Detailed Description

OpenGL context handling

Attention:

Include windows.h before using this file! Usage:

```
GLRC glrc;  
// inside window creation  
glrc.Create(wnd);  
// before rendering into window  
glrc.MakeCurrent();  
// ...  
// display in the screen (in case of double buffering)  
glrc.SwapBuffers();  
// ..  
// delete gl context (may be avoided, because called in destructor anyway)  
glrc.Destroy();
```

Todo

Add possibility to select pixel format (double/single buffer, stencil, etc)

8.23.2 Constructor & Destructor Documentation

8.23.2.1 `virtual ~GLRC()` [virtual]

Virtual Destructor

The documentation for this class was generated from the following file:

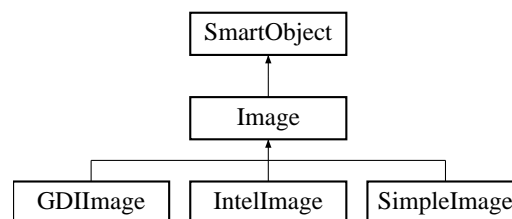
- [gmlglrc.h](#)

8.24 Image Class Reference

Generic image class.

```
#include <gmlimage.h>
```

Inheritance diagram for Image::



Public Types

- enum **FORMAT** { **F_L**, **F_RGB**, **F_RGBA**, **F_BGR** }
- enum **REPRES** {
R_BYTE, **R_WORD**, **R_DWORD**, **R_FLOAT**,
R_DOUBLE }
- enum **ORIENT** { **O_TOPLEFT**, **O_BOTTOMLEFT** }
line order in the image

Public Member Functions

- **Image** ()
- virtual **~Image** ()
Empty destructor.
- **Image** (**Image** &in_Image)
- **Image** & **operator=** (**Image** const &Orig)
- bool const **operator==** (**Image** const &Other)
- virtual void **Create** (int Width, int Height, **FORMAT** format, **REPRES** repres, **ORIENT** orient=**O_BOTTOMLEFT**)
- void **CreateCopy** (const **Image** &rSrImage)
Creates a copy of rSrImage, converting color depth if nessesary.
- bool **CreateFromDIB** (struct tagBITMAPINFO *in_pDIB, **BYTE** *in_pcData=NULL)
Creates from a bitmap header.
- void **CreateFilteredCopy** (const **Image** &rSrImage, const **ImageFilter** &rFilter)
- void **CreateComposition** (const std::vector< **Image** * > &src, const **ImageComposer** &comp)
- bool **Created** () const
- void **Clear** ()
- void **ApplyFilter** (const **ImageFilter** &filter)
Applies a filter to the bitmap.

- void **Decompose** (const **ImageDecomposer** &decomposer, std::vector< **Image** * > &out_res)
Applies a decompositor to the bitmap.
- bool **ChangeOrientation** (**ORIENT** new_orient)
Change orientation of the image to new one.
- bool **ChangeFormat** (**FORMAT** new_format)
Change image format.
- bool **ChangeRepres** (**REPRES** new_repres)
Change image pixel representation.
- int **GetWidth** () const
- int **GetHeight** () const
- **FORMAT** **GetFormat** () const
- **REPRES** **GetRepres** () const
- **ORIENT** **GetOrient** () const
- virtual long **GetMemUsed** ()=0
- int **GetElemSize** () const
- virtual long **GetBytesPerLine** () const =0
Returns number of bytes used per line.
- **BYTE** ** **GetLineArray** () const
Returns pointer to an array containing the starting addresses of the bitmap lines.
- virtual void **Lock** (bool bReadable, bool bWriteable)
- virtual void **Unlock** ()
Unlocks the Bitmap surface.
- bool **IsLocked** () const
- bool **AlmostEqual** (const **Image** &Bmp, int epsilon) const
- void **PaintImage** (CDC *in_pDC, CPoint dst_org, CSize dst_size, DWORD dwRop=SRCCOPY)
- virtual **gml::DrawSurface** * **GetDrawSurface** ()=0

Static Public Member Functions

- int **Format2Channels** (**FORMAT** f)
- int **Repres2Size** (**REPRES** r)
- int **ElemSize** (**FORMAT** f, **REPRES** r)

Protected Member Functions

- virtual bool **InternalCreate** (int Width, int Height, **FORMAT** format, **REPRES** repres, **ORIENT** orient=O_BOTTOMLEFT)=0
- virtual void **FreeMembers** ()=0
Delete memory allocated by member variables.
- virtual void **InitLineArray** ()=0

Initialize internal table of line addresses.

- void `InternalCopy` (const `Image` &rSrImage)
- void `InitLocals` (int width, int height, `FORMAT` format, `REPRES` repres, `ORIENT` orient=`O_`
`BOTTOMLEFT`)

Can be called from `internalCreate()` to initialize object state.

- virtual void `InternalChangeOrientation` (`ORIENT` new_orient)=0

Protected Attributes

- int `m_width`
- int `m_height`
- bool `m_created`
- `FORMAT` `m_format`
- `REPRES` `m_repres`
- `ORIENT` `m_orient`

current orientation order

- `BYTE` ** `m_line_array`

Table of the starting addresses of the lines.

- int `m_lock_count`

Number of times the bitmap was locked.

8.24.1 Detailed Description

Generic image class.

Some functionality should be defined in children

8.24.2 Member Enumeration Documentation

8.24.2.1 enum `ORIENT`

line order in the image

Enumeration values:

`O_TOPLEFT` lines are going left-right, top-bottom

`O_BOTTOMLEFT` lines are left-right, bottom-top

8.24.3 Constructor & Destructor Documentation

8.24.3.1 `Image` ()

Empty constructor. Constructors in derived classes create a small empty bitmap to ensure that the object is always in a sane state.

8.24.4 Member Function Documentation

8.24.4.1 `bool const operator==(Image const & Other)`

Test for equality. This function actually tests every pixel, so it's not fast. It's meant mainly for use in asserts and such.

8.24.4.2 `virtual void Create(int Width, int Height, FORMAT format, REPRES repres, ORIENT orient = O_BOTTOMLEFT)` [virtual]

Creates a new empty bitmap. Memory for the bits is allocated but not initialized. Previous contents of the bitmap object are discarded

8.24.4.3 `bool CreateFromDIB(struct tagBITMAPINFO * in_pDIB, BYTE * in_pcData = NULL)`

Creates from a bitmap header.

Parameters:

in_pDIB Óêàçàðàèüî ãà BITMAPINFO (ð240àîèèèüà ñàíéñòà DIB`à)

in_pcData Óêàçàðàèüî ãà ãèèñàèüíüà bitmap ààííüà. Áñèè òñòàííàèáí á NULL - ñ247èðààðñý, 247ðí ààííüà 240àñííèèàà254ðñý ñ240àçó çà BITMAPINFO

8.24.4.4 `void CreateFilteredCopy(const Image & rSrcImage, const ImageFilter & rFilter)`

Creates a copy of rSrcImage, applying rFilter on the way. Depending on the filter called, this is often much faster than `CreateCopy()` followed by `ApplyFilter()`.

8.24.4.5 `bool ChangeOrientation(ORIENT new_orient)`

Change orientation of the image to new one.

Note:

if it already set, nothing will changed

8.24.4.6 `bool ChangeFormat(FORMAT new_format)`

Change image format.

Note:

if it already set, nothing will changed, currently implemented only for RGB <-> BGR change

8.24.4.7 `bool ChangeRepres(REPRES new_repres)`

Change image pixel representetion.

Note:

if it already set, nothing will changed

8.24.4.8 virtual void Lock (bool *bReadable*, bool *bWriteable*) [virtual]

Locks bitmap. [GetLineArray\(\)](#) and other direct-access methods should only be called if the bitmap is locked. Lock and Unlock keep a lock count.

8.24.4.9 virtual bool InternalCreate (int *Width*, int *Height*, **FORMAT *format*, **REPRES** *repres*, **ORIENT** *orient* = **O_BOTTOMLEFT**)** [protected, pure virtual]

Create a new bitmap with uninitialized bits. (Assume no memory is allocated yet.)

Implemented in [GDImage](#), [IntelImage](#), and [SimpleImage](#).

8.24.4.10 void InternalCopy (const [Image](#) & *rSrImage*) [protected]

Creates a new [Image](#) as copy of *rSrImage*. Assumes there is no memory allocated yet.

8.24.4.11 virtual void InternalChangeOrientation (ORIENT** *new_orient*)** [protected, pure virtual]

Change image orientation to given state

Warning:

you should set `m_orient` variable after actual operation

Implemented in [GDImage](#), [IntelImage](#), and [SimpleImage](#).

8.24.5 Member Data Documentation**8.24.5.1 int [m_lock_count](#)** [protected]

Number of times the bitmap was locked.

Default is `m_LockCount` always ≥ 1 , so access to bits is always possible.

The documentation for this class was generated from the following file:

- [gmlimage.h](#)

8.25 ImageComposer Class Reference

Produce single image from several reference images.

```
#include <gmlimagecomposer.h>
```

Public Member Functions

- virtual void [Apply](#) (const std::vector< [Image](#) * > &source, [Image](#) *pBmpDest) const

8.25.1 Detailed Description

Produce single image from several reference images.

8.25.2 Member Function Documentation

8.25.2.1 virtual void [Apply](#) (const std::vector< [Image](#) * > & *source*, [Image](#) * *pBmpDest*) const
[virtual]

Applies the Composer to *(pBmpSource[0]).. *(pBmpSource[n_images - 1]) and stores the result in p-BmpDest.

The documentation for this class was generated from the following file:

- gmlimagecomposer.h

8.26 ImageDecomposer Class Reference

Decompose an image into several destination images.

```
#include <gmlimagecomposer.h>
```

Public Member Functions

- virtual void [Apply](#) ([Image](#) *pBmpSource, std::vector< [Image](#) * > &out_dest) const
Decompose pBmpSource to several images which are stored in out_dest.

8.26.1 Detailed Description

Decompose an image into several destination images.

The documentation for this class was generated from the following file:

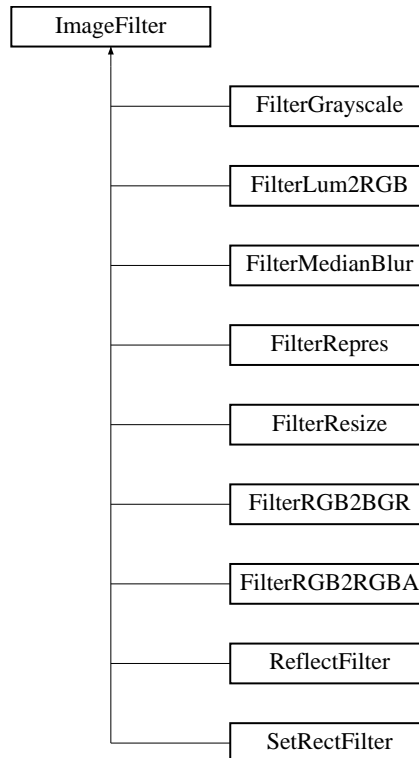
- gmlimagecomposer.h

8.27 ImageFilter Class Reference

Interface for generic image modifier.

```
#include <gmlimagefilter.h>
```

Inheritance diagram for ImageFilter::



Public Member Functions

- virtual void [ApplyInPlace](#) ([Image](#) *pBmp) const
In-Place Apply.
- virtual void [Apply](#) (const [Image](#) *pBmpSource, [Image](#) *pBmpDest) const
Applies the Filter to pBmpSource and stores the result in pBmpDest.

8.27.1 Detailed Description

Interface for generic image modifier.

8.27.2 Member Function Documentation

8.27.2.1 virtual void [ApplyInPlace](#) ([Image](#) *pBmp) const [virtual]

In-Place Apply.

Applies the filter to pBmp. The base-class version copies the bitmap after calling Apply (pBmp, pTempBmp).

Reimplemented in [FilterRGB2BGR](#).

8.27.2.2 virtual void Apply (const [Image](#) * pBmpSource, [Image](#) * pBmpDest) const [virtual]

Applies the Filter to pBmpSource and stores the result in pBmpDest.

The base-class version copies the bitmap before calling ApplyInPlace (pBmpDest).

Reimplemented in [FilterGrayscale](#), [FilterLum2RGB](#), [FilterMedianBlur](#), [FilterRepres](#), [FilterResize](#), [FilterRGB2RGBA](#), [ReflectFilter](#), and [SetRectFilter](#).

The documentation for this class was generated from the following file:

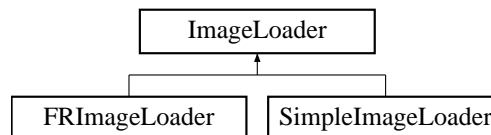
- [gmlimagefilter.h](#)

8.28 ImageLoader Class Reference

Loading and saving bitmaps to files (base class).

```
#include <gmlimageloader.h>
```

Inheritance diagram for ImageLoader::



Public Types

- enum **IMAGE_FORMAT** {
FORMAT_BMP, **FORMAT_ICO**, **FORMAT_JPEG**, **FORMAT_PNG**,
FORMAT_PGM, **FORMAT_PGMRAW**, **FORMAT_PPM**, **FORMAT_TIFF**,
FORMAT_TARGA, **FORMAT_UNKNOWN** }

Public Member Functions

- virtual bool **EnumerateLoadableFormats** (void(*f)(IMAGE_FORMAT f))=0
- virtual bool **EnumerateSaveableFormats** (void(*f)(IMAGE_FORMAT f))=0
- virtual IMAGE_FORMAT **CheckBitmapFile** (const std::string &path)=0
- virtual bool **LoadBitmap** (const std::string &path, [Image](#) &out_bitmap, IMAGE_FORMAT format=FORMAT_UNKNOWN, int flags=0)=0
- virtual bool **SaveBitmap** (const std::string &path, const [Image](#) &bitmap, IMAGE_FORMAT format=FORMAT_UNKNOWN, int in_iQuality=100, int flags=0)=0

Static Public Member Functions

- std::string [GetFormatExtension](#) (IMAGE_FORMAT format)
Get file extension for particular image file format.

8.28.1 Detailed Description

Loading and saving bitmaps to files (base class).

8.28.2 Member Function Documentation

8.28.2.1 std::string GetFormatExtension (IMAGE_FORMAT *format*) [static]

Get file extension for particular image file format.

Parameters:

Image format

Returns:

A string containing required extension

The documentation for this class was generated from the following file:

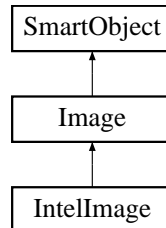
- `gmlimageloader.h`

8.29 IntellImage Class Reference

Manipulates uncompressed device- and platform-independent bitmaps.

```
#include <gmlintellimage.h>
```

Inheritance diagram for IntellImage::



Public Member Functions

- [IntellImage \(\)](#)
Creates an empty bitmap.
- virtual [~IntellImage \(\)](#)
Destroys the bitmap.
- [IntellImage \(const Image &Orig\)](#)
Copy constructor.
- [IntellImage \(const IntellImage &Orig\)](#)
Copy constructor.
- [IntellImage & operator= \(const Image &Orig\)](#)
Assignment operator.
- [IntellImage & operator= \(const IntellImage &Orig\)](#)
- long [GetMemUsed \(\)](#)
Returns the amount of memory used by the object.
- long [GetBytesPerLine \(\)](#) const
Returns number of bytes used per line.
- const BYTE * [GetRawData \(\)](#) const
- BYTE * [GetRawData \(\)](#)
Access to raw data array. Dangerous function! Use with care.
- [_IplImage * GetImage \(\)](#)
Access to intel image structure! Use with care.
- virtual [gml::DrawSurface * GetDrawSurface \(\)](#)
Draw surface.

Protected Member Functions

- virtual void **ConstructorInitLocals** ()
- virtual bool **InternalCreate** (int Width, int Height, FORMAT format, REPRES repres, **ORIENT** orient=O_BOTTOMLEFT)
- virtual void **FreeMembers** ()
Delete memory allocated by member variables.
- virtual void **InitLineArray** ()
Initialize internal table of line addresses.
- virtual void **InternalChangeOrientation** (**ORIENT** new_orient)

Protected Attributes

- **_IplImage * m_pImage**
Pointer to stored IplImage.
- **BYTE * m_pBits**
- **int m_iBytesPerLine**

8.29.1 Detailed Description

Manipulates uncompressed device- and platform-independent bitmaps.

The data is stored sequentially without padding in the bitmap. The class implements exactly the interface defined by [gml::Image](#) without additions.

8.29.2 Member Function Documentation

8.29.2.1 virtual bool InternalCreate (int Width, int Height, FORMAT format, REPRES repres, **ORIENT orient = O_BOTTOMLEFT)** [protected, virtual]

Create a new bitmap with uninitialized bits. (Assume no memory is allocated yet.)

Implements [Image](#).

8.29.2.2 virtual void InternalChangeOrientation (ORIENT** new_orient)** [protected, virtual]

Change image orientation to given state

Warning:

you should set m_orient variable after actual operation

Implements [Image](#).

The documentation for this class was generated from the following file:

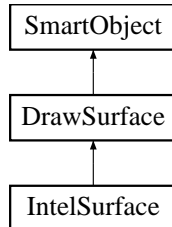
- [gmlintelimage.h](#)

8.30 IntelSurface Class Reference

Generic image class.

```
#include <gmlintelsurface.h>
```

Inheritance diagram for IntelSurface::



Public Member Functions

- [IntelSurface](#) ([gml::IntellImage](#) *in_pImage)
Constructor.
- virtual [~IntelSurface](#) ()
Empty destructor.
- void **DrawLine** (int in_iX0, int in_iY0, int in_iX1, int in_iY1, [Color3ub](#) in_Color=[Color3ub](#)(255, 255, 255))
- void **DrawLine** ([gml::Vector2i](#) in_vStart, [gml::Vector2i](#) in_vEnd, [Color3ub](#) in_Color=[Color3ub](#)(255, 255, 255))
- void **FrameRect** (int in_iX0, int in_iY0, int in_iX1, int in_iY1, [Color3ub](#) in_Color=[Color3ub](#)(255, 255, 255))
- void **FrameRect** ([gml::Vector2i](#) in_vMin, [gml::Vector2i](#) in_vMax, [Color3ub](#) in_Color=[Color3ub](#)(255, 255, 255))
- void **Circle** (int in_iX0, int in_iY0, int in_iRadius, [Color3ub](#) in_Color=[Color3ub](#)(255, 255, 255))
- void **Circle** ([gml::Vector2i](#) in_vCenter, int in_iRadius, [Color3ub](#) in_Color=[Color3ub](#)(255, 255, 255))
- void **PolyLine** ([gml::Vector2i](#) *in_pVectors, int in_iPoints, [Color3ub](#) in_Color=[Color3ub](#)(255, 255, 255))
- void **PolyGon** ([gml::Vector2i](#) *in_pVectors, int in_iPoints, [Color3ub](#) in_Color=[Color3ub](#)(255, 255, 255))

Protected Member Functions

- int **GetColor** ([gml::Color3ub](#) in_Color)

Protected Attributes

- [IntellImage](#) * m_pImage

8.30.1 Detailed Description

Generic image class.

Some functionality should be defined in children

The documentation for this class was generated from the following file:

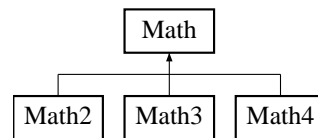
- gmlintelsurface.h

8.31 Math Class Template Reference

A template class for precision related stuff.

```
#include <gmlmath.h>
```

Inheritance diagram for Math::



Static Public Member Functions

- bool **AboutZero** (const double v, const double tolerance)
Comparisons with given tolerance.
- bool **AboutZero** (const double v)
- bool **NearZero** (const double v)
- bool **AboutEqual** (const double v1, const double v2, const double tolerance)
- bool **AboutEqual** (const double v1, const double v2)
- bool **NearEqual** (const double v1, const double v2)
- int **SignAbout** (const double v, const double tolerance)
Determine sing of value with some tolerance around zero.
- int **SignAbout** (const double v)
- int **SignNear** (const double v)

Static Public Attributes

- const double **TOLERANCE** = 1.0E-05f
default tolerance (type dependent)
- const double **MIN_VALUE** = numeric_limits<float>::min()
Maximum values for float and double types (rounded down).
- const double **MAX_VALUE** = numeric_limits<float>::max()
Minimal positive values for float and double types (rounded up).
- const double **EPSILON** = numeric_limits<float>::epsilon()
minimum positive floating point number x such that 1.0 + x != 1.0

8.31.1 Detailed Description

```
template<class T> class gml::Math< T >
```

A template class for precision related stuff.

Parameters:

T is a real type like float, double

Note:

use typedefs MathD, MathF

The documentation for this class was generated from the following files:

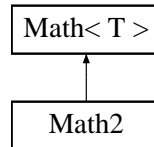
- [gmlmath.h](#)
- gmlmath.cpp

8.32 Math2 Class Template Reference

Comparison of 2D vectors with a tolerance.

```
#include <gmlvector2.h>
```

Inheritance diagram for Math2::



Static Public Member Functions

- bool **AboutZero** (const [TVector2< T >](#) &v, const double tolerance)
- bool **AboutZero** (const [TVector2< T >](#) &v)
- bool **NearZero** (const [TVector2< T >](#) &v)
- bool **AboutEqual** (const [TVector2< T >](#) &v1, const [TVector2< T >](#) &v2, const double tolerance)
- bool **AboutEqual** (const [TVector2< T >](#) &v1, const [TVector2< T >](#) &v2)
- bool **NearEqual** (const [TVector2< T >](#) &v1, const [TVector2< T >](#) &v2)

8.32.1 Detailed Description

```
template<class T> class gml::Math2< T >
```

Comparison of 2D vectors with a tolerance.

Parameters:

T - some REAL type (float, double)

The documentation for this class was generated from the following file:

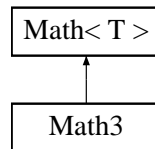
- [gmlvector2.h](#)

8.33 Math3 Class Template Reference

Comparison of 2D vectors with a tolerance.

```
#include <gmlvector3.h>
```

Inheritance diagram for Math3::



Static Public Member Functions

- bool **AboutZero** (const [TVector3](#)< T > &v, const double tolerance)
- bool **AboutZero** (const [TVector3](#)< T > &v)
- bool **NearZero** (const [TVector3](#)< T > &v)
- bool **AboutEqual** (const [TVector3](#)< T > &v1, const [TVector3](#)< T > &v2, const double tolerance)
- bool **AboutEqual** (const [TVector3](#)< T > &v1, const [TVector3](#)< T > &v2)
- bool **NearEqual** (const [TVector3](#)< T > &v1, const [TVector3](#)< T > &v2)

8.33.1 Detailed Description

```
template<class T> class gml::Math3< T >
```

Comparison of 2D vectors with a tolerance.

Parameters:

T - some REAL type (float, double)

The documentation for this class was generated from the following file:

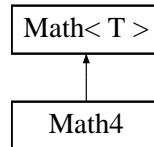
- [gmlvector3.h](#)

8.34 Math4 Class Template Reference

Comparison of 4D vectors with a tolerance.

```
#include <gmlvector4.h>
```

Inheritance diagram for Math4::



Static Public Member Functions

- bool **AboutZero** (const [TVector4< T >](#) &v, const double tolerance)
- bool **AboutZero** (const [TVector4< T >](#) &v)
- bool **NearZero** (const [TVector4< T >](#) &v)
- bool **AboutEqual** (const [TVector4< T >](#) &v1, const [TVector4< T >](#) &v2, const double tolerance)
- bool **AboutEqual** (const [TVector4< T >](#) &v1, const [TVector4< T >](#) &v2)
- bool **NearEqual** (const [TVector4< T >](#) &v1, const [TVector4< T >](#) &v2)

8.34.1 Detailed Description

```
template<class T> class gml::Math4< T >
```

Comparison of 4D vectors with a tolerance.

Parameters:

T - some REAL type (float, double)

The documentation for this class was generated from the following file:

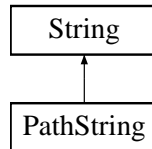
- [gmlvector4.h](#)

8.35 PathString Class Reference

Processing of the path to file.

```
#include <gmlpathstring.h>
```

Inheritance diagram for PathString::



Public Member Functions

Constructors

- **PathString** (const string &rhs)
- **PathString** (const string &rhs, size_type pos, size_type n)
- **PathString** (const char *s, size_type n)
- **PathString** (const char *s)
- **PathString** (size_type n, char c)
- **PathString** (const_iterator first, const_iterator last)
- **PathString** (const string &path, const string &filename, const string &extension=string())
Constructs an object from path+filename+extension.

Path handling

- string **Path** () const
Returns extracted path from full path to the file.
- string **Filename** () const
Returns full name of the file (with extension).
- string **Basename** () const
Returns base name of the file (without extension).
- string **Extension** () const
Returns extension of the file (dot is not included).
- void **Split** (string *path, string *filename, string *extension=NULL) const
Splits path name into path, base filename and extension.
- bool **MakeFullPath** (const PathString &relative_to=PathString())

File or directory handling

- bool **IsFile** () const

Check: 'this' string is the name of the real plain file.

- bool `IsDir ()` const
Check: 'this' string is the name of the directory.
- bool `CurDir ()`
Get current working directory to 'this' pathname.
- bool `ChDir ()` const
Change current working directory to 'this' pathname.
- bool `MkDir ()` const
Create directory with name specified by 'this' pathname.
- bool `Rmdir ()` const
Remove directory with name specified by 'this' pathname.
- bool `ExePath ()`
Get full path to the current program.
- bool `ListFileName (list< PathString > &filelist, PathString *mask)` const

Static Public Attributes

- const char `PATH_SEPARATOR = '\\'`
char path separator for current OS
- const string `PATH_SEPARATOR_STR = string("\\")`
string path separator for current OS

Protected Member Functions

- bool `CheckMask (const PathString &mask)` const
- void `CorrectSeparators ()`

8.35.1 Detailed Description

Processing of the path to file.

8.35.2 Constructor & Destructor Documentation

8.35.2.1 `PathString (const string & path, const string & filename, const string & extension = string())`

Constructs an object from path+filename+extension.

The path separator will be added if string path does not end by path separator. The dot will be added between filename and extension if extension does not begin by dot.

Note:

If parameter extension is absent then filename contains the full name of the file.

8.35.3 Member Function Documentation

8.35.3.1 string Path () const

Returns extracted path from full path to the file.

Note:

In case if path cannot be extracted, an empty string will be returned.

8.35.3.2 string Filename () const

Returns full name of the file (with extension).

Note:

If full name is not extracted, an empty string will be returned.

8.35.3.3 string Basename () const

Returns base name of the file (without extension).

Note:

If base name is not extracted, an empty string will be returned.

8.35.3.4 string Extension () const

Returns extension of the file (dot is not included).

Note:

If extension is not extracted, an empty string will be returned.

8.35.3.5 void Split (string * path, string * filename, string * extension = NULL) const

Splits path name into path, base filename and extension.

Note:

If parameter extension is absent then filename will contain file name with extension.

8.35.3.6 bool MakeFullPath (const PathString & relative_to = PathString())

Expand current path to full path relative to 'relative_to' argument.

Warning:

relative_to must be a full path or NULL if to work with current directory

8.35.3.7 bool Rmdir () const

Remove directory with name specified by 'this' pathname.

Note:

Directory must be empty

8.35.3.8 bool ListFileName (list< PathString > &filelist, PathString * mask) const

Non-obligatory parameter mask defines mask for the filtration.

The documentation for this class was generated from the following files:

- [gmlpathstring.h](#)
- [gmlpathstring.cpp](#)

8.36 Ref Class Template Reference

Smart pointer class Smart pointers provide automatic memory management, so that programmer never cares on freeing memory. Smart pointers mechanism frees an object when there are no any references to it. Smart pointers should be used instead of standard C pointers:

```
Object* obj; // standard pointer, should be deleted after use
gml::Ref<Object> obj; // smart pointer frees memory when necessary
```

Attention:

Smart pointers works only with objects that support AddRef() and Release() operations. It is assumed that object keeps a reference count (a number of smart pointers pointing to it). This reference count is incremented in AddRef() command and decremented in Release(). Also Release() performs check whether reference count is 0 and calls 'delete this'. GML provides special base class for this: [gml::SmartObject](#). If you want to use smart pointers either derive your object from this class or provide own implementation of AddRef() and Release() methods. 1) initialization Smart pointers are initialized just like the standard pointers:

```
gml::Ref<Object> obj = new Object(1,2,3);
```

Smart pointers must never be defined like this: `gml::Rev<Object>* obj; !!!` 2) use of smart pointers Smart pointers are dereferenced like normal pointers:

```
gml::Ref<Object> obj = new Object(1,2,3);
obj->SomeMethod();
(*obj).SomeMethod();
```

3) smart pointers as parameters Smart pointers are implicitly casted to normal pointers:

```
gml::Ref<Object> obj = new Object(1,2,3);
Object* obj1 = obj;
```

This operation is dangerous unless used properly. You should use it like follows. Smart pointers may be passed to functions and returned from functions like normal pointers.

```
...
Object* SomeMethod(Object* obj);
...
gml::Ref<Object> obj = new Object(1,2,3);
gml::Ref<Object> obj1 = SomeMethod(obj);
```

The general rule is this: **Use ONLY smart pointers when storing objects. Use normal pointers when passing smart pointers as parameters or return values** So the following is forbidden:

```
class SomeClass
{
private:
    Object* obj;
public:
    void CreateObject()
    {
        gml::Ref<Object> obj = new Object(1,2,3);
        m_obj = obj;
    } // at this point obj will be deleted, and m_obj will be undefined!!
};
```

Correct use:

```
class SomeClass
{
private:
```

```

    gml::Ref<Object> obj;
public:
    void CreateObject()
    {
        gml::Ref<Object> obj = new Object(1,2,3);
        m_obj = obj;
    }
};

```

```
#include <gmlref.h>
```

Public Member Functions

- [Ref](#) (T *real_ptr=NULL)
Default constructor.
- [Ref](#) (const [Ref](#) &rhs)
Copy constructor.
- [~Ref](#) ()
Destructor.
- [Ref](#) & [operator=](#) (const [Ref](#) &rhs)
Overloaded operator =.
- T * [operator](#) → () const
Overloaded operator.
- T & [operator](#) * () const
Overloaded operator.
- int [IsSet](#) () const
Whether this pointer is not null.
- [operator T](#) * () const
Implicit conversion to C pointer.
- void [Set](#) (T *real_ptr)
Forced assignment of C pointer to this reference
Attention:
Danger function, use it carefully.
- void [Clear](#) ()
Cleans this reference.

Related Functions

(Note that these are not member functions.)

- [Ref](#)< newT > & [ConvRef](#) (const [Ref](#)< oldT > &old_ref)
Casting & conversion of smart references.

8.36.1 Detailed Description

```
template<class T> class gml::Ref< T >
```

Smart pointer class Smart pointers provide automatic memory management, so that programmer never cares on freeing memory. Smart pointers mechanism frees an object when there are no any references to it. Smart pointers should be used instead of standard C pointers:

```
Object* obj; // standard pointer, should be deleted after use
gml::Ref<Object> obj; // smart pointer frees memory when necessary
```

Attention:

Smart pointers works only with objects that support `AddRef()` and `Release()` operations. It is assumed that object keeps a reference count (a number of smart pointers pointing to it). This reference count is incremented in `AddRef()` command and decremented in `Release()`. Also `Release()` performs check whether reference count is 0 and calls 'delete this'. GML provides special base class for this: [gml::SmartObject](#). If you want to use smart pointers either derive your object from this class or provide own implementation of `AddRef()` and `Release()` methods. 1) initialization Smart pointers are initialized just like the standard pointers:

```
gml::Ref<Object> obj = new Object(1,2,3);
```

Smart pointers must never be defined like this: `gml::Rev<Object>* obj; !!!` 2) use of smart pointers Smart pointers are dereferenced like normal pointers:

```
gml::Ref<Object> obj = new Object(1,2,3);
obj->SomeMethod();
(*obj).SomeMethod();
```

3) smart pointers as parameters Smart pointers are implicitly casted to normal pointers:

```
gml::Ref<Object> obj = new Object(1,2,3);
Object* obj1 = obj;
```

This operation is dangerous unless used properly. You should use it like follows. Smart pointers may be passed to functions and returned from functions like normal pointers.

```
...
Object* SomeMethod(Object* obj);
...
gml::Ref<Object> obj = new Object(1,2,3);
gml::Ref<Object> obj1 = SomeMethod(obj);
```

The general rule is this: **Use ONLY smart pointers when storing objects. Use normals pointers when passing smart pointers as parameters or return values** So the following is forbidden:

```
class SomeClass
{
private:
    Object* obj;
```

```

public:
    void CreateObject()
    {
        gml::Ref<Object> obj = new Object(1,2,3);
        m_obj = obj;
    } // at this point obj will be deleted, and m_obj will be undefined!!
};

```

Correct use:

```

class SomeClass
{
private:
    gml::Ref<Object> obj;
public:
    void CreateObject()
    {
        gml::Ref<Object> obj = new Object(1,2,3);
        m_obj = obj;
    }
};

```

Note:

Nevertheless, nobody restricts you from passing smart pointers as parameters and return values. Simple pointers are just have more natural interface. 4) casting of smart pointers Since smart pointers are implicitly casted to C pointers, casting rules are the same as for C pointers. The only issue appears when use need to cast from one smart pointer to another. In this case you need to use `gml::ConvRef()` operation:

```

gml::Ref<BaseObject> b;
gml::Ref<DerivedObject> c;
c = b; // this may not work in compilers which nor support template casting methods
c = gml::ConvRef<DerivedObject>(b); // OK

```

Attention:

This simple example not working (!) :

```

Object* CreateObject()
{
    gml::Ref<Object> obj = new Object;
    return obj; // at this point reference count of obj is 1, so the obj is deleted
                // before returned from the function!
}

```

Correct use is one of the following:

```

Object* CreateObject()
{
    Object* obj = new Object;
    return obj;
}

gml::Ref<Object> CreateObject()
{
    gml::Ref<Object> obj = new Object;
    return obj;
}

```

Warning:

It is forbidden to assign arrays created by `new[]` to smart pointers

```

gml::Ref<Object> obj = new Object[10]; // result is undefined!!!!

```

All smart object should be create by new operator! The following is **strictly forbidden** :

```
Object obj;  
gml::Ref<Object> = &obj;
```

The documentation for this class was generated from the following file:

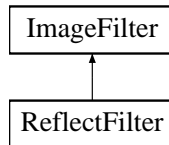
- [gmlref.h](#)

8.37 ReflectFilter Class Reference

Creates a grayscale version of a color bitmap.

```
#include <gmlreflectfilter.h>
```

Inheritance diagram for ReflectFilter::



Public Member Functions

- **ReflectFilter** (bool in_bVert, bool in_bHor)
- virtual void **Apply** (const **Image** *pBmpSource, **Image** *pBmpDest) const
Applies the Filter to pBmpSource and stores the result in pBmpDest.

8.37.1 Detailed Description

Creates a grayscale version of a color bitmap.

8.37.2 Member Function Documentation

8.37.2.1 virtual void Apply (const **Image** *pBmpSource, **Image** *pBmpDest) const [virtual]

Applies the Filter to pBmpSource and stores the result in pBmpDest.

The base-class version copies the bitmap before calling ApplyInPlace (pBmpDest).

Reimplemented from [ImageFilter](#).

The documentation for this class was generated from the following file:

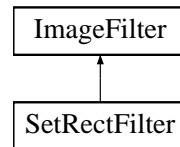
- gmlreflectfilter.h

8.38 SetRectFilter Class Reference

Creates a grayscale version of a color bitmap.

```
#include <gmlsetrectfilter.h>
```

Inheritance diagram for SetRectFilter::



Public Member Functions

- **SetRectFilter** (double in_dValue)
- **SetRectFilter** (double in_dValue, [gml::Vector2i](#) in_vMin, [gml::Vector2i](#) in_vMax)
- **SetRectFilter** (double in_dValue, int in_iMinX, int in_iMinY, int in_iMaxX, int in_iMaxY)
- void **SetParam** (double in_dValue)
- void **SetParam** (double in_dValue, [gml::Vector2i](#) in_vMin, [gml::Vector2i](#) in_vMax)
- void **SetParam** (double in_dValue, int in_iMinX, int in_iMinY, int in_iMaxX, int in_iMaxY)
- virtual void **Apply** (const [Image](#) *pBmpSource, [Image](#) *pBmpDest) const

Applies the Filter to pBmpSource and stores the result in pBmpDest.

8.38.1 Detailed Description

Creates a grayscale version of a color bitmap.

8.38.2 Member Function Documentation

8.38.2.1 virtual void Apply (const [Image](#) *pBmpSource, [Image](#) *pBmpDest) const [virtual]

Applies the Filter to pBmpSource and stores the result in pBmpDest.

The base-class version copies the bitmap before calling ApplyInPlace (pBmpDest).

Reimplemented from [ImageFilter](#).

The documentation for this class was generated from the following file:

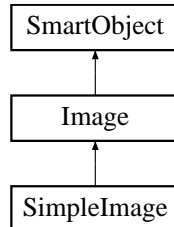
- gmlsetrectfilter.h

8.39 SimpleImage Class Reference

Manipulates uncompressed device- and platform-independent bitmaps.

```
#include <gmlsimpleimage.h>
```

Inheritance diagram for SimpleImage::



Public Member Functions

- [SimpleImage \(\)](#)
Creates an empty bitmap.
- [virtual ~SimpleImage \(\)](#)
Destroys the bitmap.
- [SimpleImage \(const Image &Orig\)](#)
Copy constructor.
- [SimpleImage \(const SimpleImage &Orig\)](#)
Copy constructor.
- [SimpleImage & operator= \(const Image &Orig\)](#)
Assignment operator.
- [SimpleImage & operator= \(const SimpleImage &Orig\)](#)
- [long GetMemUsed \(\)](#)
Returns the amount of memory used by the object.
- [long GetBytesPerLine \(\) const](#)
Returns number of bytes used per line.
- [const BYTE * GetRawData \(\) const](#)
- [BYTE * GetRawData \(\)](#)
Access to raw data array. Dangerous function! Use with care.
- [virtual int GetRawDataSize \(\) const](#)
- [virtual gml::DrawSurface * GetDrawSurface \(\)](#)
Draw surface.

Static Public Member Functions

- long [GetMemNeeded](#) (int width, int height, FORMAT f, REPRES r)
Returns memory needed by a bitmap with the specified attributes.
- long [GetBitsMemNeeded](#) (int width, int height, FORMAT f, REPRES r)
Returns memory needed by bitmap bits.

Protected Member Functions

- virtual void [ConstructorInitLocals](#) ()
- virtual bool [InternalCreate](#) (int Width, int Height, FORMAT format, REPRES repres, [ORIENT](#) orient=O_BOTTOMLEFT)
- virtual void [FreeMembers](#) ()
Delete memory allocated by member variables.
- virtual void [InitLineArray](#) ()
Initialize internal table of line addresses.
- virtual void [InternalChangeOrientation](#) ([ORIENT](#) new_orient)

Protected Attributes

- BYTE * [m_pBits](#)
Pointer to the bits.

8.39.1 Detailed Description

Manipulates uncompressed device- and platform-independent bitmaps.

The data is stored sequentially without padding in the bitmap. The class implements exactly the interface defined by [gml::Image](#) without additions.

8.39.2 Member Function Documentation

8.39.2.1 virtual bool [InternalCreate](#) (int *Width*, int *Height*, FORMAT *format*, REPRES *repres*, [ORIENT](#) *orient* = O_BOTTOMLEFT) [protected, virtual]

Create a new bitmap with uninitialized bits. (Assume no memory is allocated yet.)

Implements [Image](#).

8.39.2.2 virtual void [InternalChangeOrientation](#) ([ORIENT](#) *new_orient*) [protected, virtual]

Change image orientation to given state

Warning:

you should set `m_orient` variable after actual operation

Implements [Image](#).

The documentation for this class was generated from the following file:

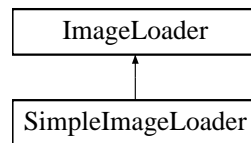
- `gmlsimpleimage.h`

8.40 SimpleImageLoader Class Reference

[Image](#) loader based on FreeImage third-party library.

```
#include <gmlsimpleimageloader.h>
```

Inheritance diagram for SimpleImageLoader::



Public Member Functions

- virtual bool **EnumerateLoadableFormats** (void(*f)(IMAGE_FORMAT f))
- virtual bool **EnumerateSaveableFormats** (void(*f)(IMAGE_FORMAT f))
- virtual IMAGE_FORMAT **CheckBitmapFile** (const std::string &path)
- virtual bool **LoadBitmap** (const std::string &path, [Image](#) &out_bitmap, IMAGE_FORMAT format=FORMAT_UNKNOWN, int flags=0)
- virtual bool **SaveBitmap** (const std::string &path, const [Image](#) &bitmap, IMAGE_FORMAT format=FORMAT_UNKNOWN, int in_iQuality=100, int flags=0)
- virtual void **GetExifMarker** (std::vector< unsigned char > &out_pcData)
- virtual void **SetExifMarker** (std::vector< unsigned char > &in_pcData)

8.40.1 Detailed Description

[Image](#) loader based on FreeImage third-party library.

The documentation for this class was generated from the following files:

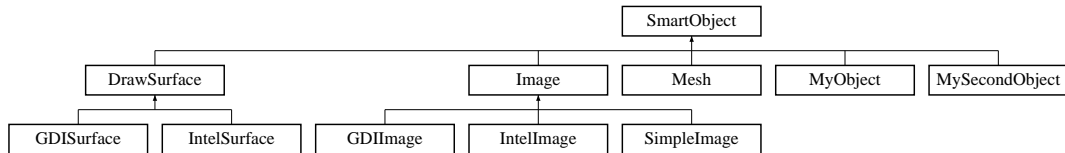
- gmlsimpleimageloader.h
- gmlbmp.cpp
- gmlsimpleimageloader.cpp

8.41 SmartObject Class Reference

Base class for objects with support for reference counting.

```
#include <gmlsmartobject.h>
```

Inheritance diagram for SmartObject::



Public Member Functions

- void [AddRef](#) ()
Increment reference count.
- void [Release](#) ()
Decrement reference count.
- virtual [~SmartObject](#) ()
Destructor is virtual.

8.41.1 Detailed Description

Base class for objects with support for reference counting.

See also:

[gml::Ref](#)

8.41.2 Member Function Documentation

8.41.2.1 void AddRef () [inline]

Increment reference count.

Warning:

This function is used internally, you should never call it

8.41.2.2 void Release () [inline]

Decrement reference count.

Warning:

This function is used internally, you should never call it

The documentation for this class was generated from the following file:

- [gmlsmartobject.h](#)

8.42 Socket Class Reference

A wrapper for Win32 stream socket.

```
#include <gmlsocket.h>
```

Public Member Functions

- bool **Create** (int nSocketPort=0, const char *lpszSocketAddress=NULL)
- bool **Bind** (int nSocketPort, const char *lpszSocketAddress=NULL)
- void **Close** ()
- bool **Connect** (const char *lpszHostAddress, int nHostPort)
- bool **Accept** ([gml::Socket](#) &rConnectedSocket)
- bool **Listen** (int nConnectionBacklog=5)
- int **Receive** (void *lpBuf, int nBufLen, int nFlags=0)
- int **Send** (const void *lpBuf, int nBufLen, int nFlags=0)
- bool **SendFile** (const std::string &out_filename)
- bool **ReceiveFile** (const std::string in_filename)

Static Public Member Functions

- bool [InitSockets](#) ()
Initialize Win32 sockets (MUST be called before use of sockets).

8.42.1 Detailed Description

A wrapper for Win32 stream socket.

The documentation for this class was generated from the following files:

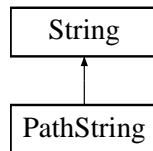
- [gmlsocket.h](#)
- [gmlsocket.cpp](#)

8.43 String Class Reference

Standard string with some extensions.

```
#include <gmlstring.h>
```

Inheritance diagram for String::



Public Member Functions

Standard constructors (the same as in std::string)

- [String](#) ()
Empty string.
- [String](#) (const string &rhs)
Copy constructor.
- [String](#) (const string &rhs, size_type pos, size_type n)
Constructor from substring.
- [String](#) (const char *s, size_type n)
From N characters of C string.
- [String](#) (const char *s)
From C string.
- [String](#) (size_type n, char c)
A sequence of n chars.
- [String](#) (const_iterator first, const_iterator last)
two iterators point to a some string of list of chars

MFC, VCL - specific functions (use defines to enable them)

- CString [AsCString](#) () const
Conversion to MFC string.

Utility functions

- int [AsInt](#) () const
To integer.

- double `AsDouble () const`
To double.
- void `Format (const char *format,...)`
write a formatted string and a variable list of arguments to this object
- void `FormatV (const char *format, va_list arglist)`
write a formatted string and a variable list of arguments to this object

8.43.1 Detailed Description

Standard string with some extensions.

Note:

use it instead of `std::string`

Warning:

If you wish to make classes derived from `String` (or `std::string`) please be careful NOT to provide own destructor. This is so because the base class `std::string` has no virtual destructor and in case of addressing via pointer to the base class destructor of derived class will not be called!

8.43.2 Constructor & Destructor Documentation

8.43.2.1 `String (const string & rhs, size_type pos, size_type n) [inline]`

Constructor from substring.

Parameters:

rhs is a source string

pos is a start position

n is number of characters

8.43.3 Member Function Documentation

8.43.3.1 `CString AsCString () const [inline]`

Conversion to MFC string.

Note:

works only if `GML_USE_MFC` is defined

8.43.3.2 `int AsInt () const [inline]`

To integer.

Returns:

return 0 if the input cannot be converted to a value of that type

8.43.3.3 double AsDouble () const [inline]

To double.

Returns:

return 0.0 if the input cannot be converted to a value of that type

The documentation for this class was generated from the following files:

- [gmlstring.h](#)
- [gmlstring.cpp](#)

8.44 TColor3 Class Template Reference

3 Color representation

```
#include <gmlcolor.h>
```

Public Member Functions

- [TColor3](#) ()
no initialization
- [TColor3](#) (T r0, T g0, T b0)
- [TColor3](#)< T > & **operator** *= (const double d)
- [TColor3](#)< T > **operator** * (const double d) const
- [TColor3](#)< T > & **operator** += (const [TColor3](#)< T > &u)
- [TColor3](#)< T > & **operator** -= (const [TColor3](#)< T > &u)
- [TColor3](#)< T > **operator** + (const [TColor3](#)< T > &u) const
- [TColor3](#)< T > **operator** - (const [TColor3](#)< T > &u) const
- [TColor3](#)< T > & **operator** /= (const double d)
- [TColor3](#)< T > **operator** / (const double d) const
- **operator** T * ()
Convert a [TColor3](#) to array of (3) elements.
- **operator** const T * () const
Convert a [TColor3](#) to array of (3) elements.

Static Public Member Functions

- const [TColor3](#)< T > & **Cast** (const T *u)
Treat array of (3) elements as a [TColor3](#).
- [TColor3](#)< T > & **Cast** (T *u)
Treat array of (3) elements as a [TColor3](#).

Related Functions

(Note that these are not member functions.)

- [TColor3](#)< T > **operator** * (const double d, const [TColor3](#)< T > &u)
Multiplication of scalar d by [TColor3](#) u.

8.44.1 Detailed Description

`template<class T> class gml::TColor3< T >`

3 Color representation

The documentation for this class was generated from the following file:

- gmlcolor.h

8.45 TColor4 Class Template Reference

4 Color representation

```
#include <gmlcolor.h>
```

Public Member Functions

- [TColor4](#) ()
no initialization
- [TColor4](#) (T r0, T g0, T b0, T w0=1)
- [TColor4](#)< T > & **operator** *= (const double d)
- [TColor4](#)< T > **operator** * (const double d) const
- [TColor4](#)< T > & **operator** += (const [TColor4](#)< T > &u)
- [TColor4](#)< T > & **operator** -= (const [TColor4](#)< T > &u)
- [TColor4](#)< T > **operator** + (const [TColor4](#)< T > &u) const
- [TColor4](#)< T > **operator** - (const [TColor4](#)< T > &u) const
- [TColor4](#)< T > & **operator** /= (const double d)
- [TColor4](#)< T > **operator** / (const double d) const
- **operator** T * ()
Convert a [TColor4](#) to array of (4) elements.
- **operator** const T * () const
Convert a [TColor4](#) to array of (4) elements.

Static Public Member Functions

- const [TColor4](#)< T > & **Cast** (const T *u)
Treat array of (4) elements as a [TColor4](#).
- [TColor4](#)< T > & **Cast** (T *u)
Treat array of (4) elements as a [TColor4](#).

Related Functions

(Note that these are not member functions.)

- [TColor4](#)< T > **operator** * (const double d, const [TColor4](#)< T > &u)
Multiplication of scalar d by [TColor4](#) u.

8.45.1 Detailed Description

`template<class T> class gml::TColor4< T >`

4 Color representation

The documentation for this class was generated from the following file:

- gmlcolor.h

8.46 TMatrix2x2 Class Template Reference

Template class for 2x2 matrix.

```
#include <glmatrix2.h>
```

Public Member Functions

- **T Det** ()
- **TMatrix2x2**< T > **MultVectStr** (TVector2< T > &v1, TVector2< T > &v2)

Constructors

- **TMatrix2x2** ()
No initialization.
- **TMatrix2x2** (T r)
Initialization by diagonal element.
- **TMatrix2x2** (const T *m)
Initialization by array of T.
- **TMatrix2x2** (T a00, T a01, T a10, T a11)
Direct initialization by components (row order).

Access to values

- T * **RawArray** ()
Provide access to internal contents.
- void **GetValue** (T *mp) const
Copy this matrix mp array (! column-major order).
- const T * **GetValue** () const
Provide const access to the buffer.
- void **SetValue** (const T *mp)
Copy data from mp array.
- void **SetValue** (T r)
Initialization by a diagonal component.
- T & **operator**() (int row, int col)
access operator (e.g. m(1,0) = 20)
- const T & **operator**() (int row, int col) const
const access operator (e.g. a = m(1,0))
- T & **Elem** (int row, int col)

Return (row, col) element.

- `const T & Elem (int row, int col) const`
Return const (row, col) element.

Row and column access

- `void SetRow (int r, const TVector2< T > &t)`
Set row r of this matrix to vector t.
- `void SetColumn (int c, const TVector2< T > &t)`
Set column c of this matrix to vector t.
- `void GetRow (int r, TVector2< T > &t) const`
Set vector t equal to row r of this matrix.
- `TVector2< T > GetRow (int r) const`
Return row r.
- `void GetColumn (int c, TVector2< T > &t) const`
Set vector t equal to column c of this matrix.
- `TVector2< T > GetColumn (int c) const`
Return column c.

Matrix-2-Matrix operations

- `TMatrix2x2< T > & MultRight (const TMatrix2x2< T > &b)`
Multiplication to matrix b (right).
- `TMatrix2x2< T > & MultLeft (const TMatrix2x2< T > &b)`
Multiplication to matrix b (left).
- `TMatrix2x2< T > & operator *= (const TMatrix2x2< T > &mat)`
*this *= mat*
- `TMatrix2x2< T > & operator += (const TMatrix2x2< T > &mat)`
this += mat
- `TMatrix2x2< T > operator/ (const double d)`

Matrix-2-Vector operations

- `void MultMatrixVec (const TVector2< T > &src, TVector2< T > &dst) const`
*dst = M * src*
- `void MultMatrixVec (TVector2< T > &src_and_dst) const`
*src_and_dst = M * src_and_dst*

- void `MultVecMatrix` (const `TVector2`< T > &src, `TVector2`< T > &dst) const
*dst = src * M*
- void `MultVecMatrix` (`TVector2`< T > &src_and_dst) const
*src_and_dst = src_and_dst * M*

Matrix-2-Scalar operations

- `TMatrix2x2`< T > & `operator *=` (const T &r)
Multiplication by scalar r (diagonal).

Miscellaneous

- void `MakeIdentity` ()
Make E-matrix from this one.
- `TMatrix2x2`< T > `Inverse` () const
Return an inverse matrix.
- `TMatrix2x2`< T > `Transpose` () const
Return transposed matrix.

Static Public Member Functions

- const `TMatrix2x2`< T > & `Identity` ()
Return predefined identity matrix.

Protected Attributes

- T m [4]

Friends

- `TMatrix2x2`< T > `operator *` (const `TMatrix2x2`< T > &m1, const `TMatrix2x2`< T > &m2)
*Matrix multiplication (return m1 * m2).*
- bool `operator==` (const `TMatrix2x2`< T > &m1, const `TMatrix2x2`< T > &m2)
Equality operator.
- bool `operator!=` (const `TMatrix2x2`< T > &m1, const `TMatrix2x2`< T > &m2)
Unequality operator.

Related Functions

(Note that these are not member functions.)

- [TMatrix2x2< T_TO > Conv](#) (const [TMatrix2x2< T_FROM >](#) &u)
Convert TMatrix2x2<T_FROM> to TMatrix2x2<T_TO>.
- [TMatrix2x2< float > ConvF](#) (const [TMatrix2x2< T >](#) &u)
Convert TMatrix2x2<T> to TMatrix2x2<float>.
- [TMatrix2x2< double > ConvD](#) (const [TMatrix2x2< T >](#) &u)
Convert TMatrix2x2<T> to TMatrix2x2<double>.

8.46.1 Detailed Description

```
template<class T> class glm::TMatrix2x2< T >
```

Template class for 2x2 matrix.

Parameters:

T - template type of matrix elements

Warning:

Use it with some SIGNED integral type, or a real type Elements are stored in column-major order (OpenGL-style) E.g.:

```
a0  a2  
a1  a3
```

8.46.2 Member Function Documentation

8.46.2.1 T* RawArray () [inline]

Provide access to internal contents.

Warning:

Use with care, this function is dangerous!

The documentation for this class was generated from the following file:

- [glmatrix2.h](#)

8.47 TMatrix3x3 Class Template Reference

Template class for 3x3 matrix.

```
#include <glmatrix3.h>
```

Public Member Functions

- **T Det ()**
- **TMatrix3x3< T > MultVectStr (TVector3< T > &v1, TVector3< T > &v2)**

Constructors

- **TMatrix3x3 ()**
No initialization.
- **TMatrix3x3 (T r)**
Initialization by diagonal element.
- **TMatrix3x3 (const T *m)**
Initialization by array of T.
- **TMatrix3x3 (T a00, T a01, T a02, T a10, T a11, T a12, T a20, T a21, T a22)**
Direct initialization by components (row order).

Access to values

- **T * RawArray ()**
Provide access to internal contents.
- **void GetValue (T *mp) const**
Copy this matrix mp array (! column-major order).
- **const T * GetValue () const**
Provide const access to the buffer.
- **void SetValue (const T *mp)**
Copy data from mp array.
- **void SetValue (T r)**
Initialization by a diagonal component.
- **T & operator() (int row, int col)**
access operator (e.g. $m(2,1) = 20$)
- **const T & operator() (int row, int col) const**
const access operator (e.g. $a = m(2,1)$)
- **T & Elem (int row, int col)**

Return (row, col) element.

- `const T & Elem (int row, int col) const`
Return const (row, col) element.

Row and column access

- `void SetScale (T s)`
Set scale components of this matrix to the same value s.
- `void SetScale (const TVector3< T > &s)`
Set scale components of this matrix to values from vector s.
- `void SetTranslation (const TVector2< T > &t)`
Set translation part of this matrix to values of vector t.
- `void GetTranslation (TVector2< T > &t) const`
Set vector t to translation part of this matrix.
- `TVector2< T > GetTranslation () const`
Return translation part of this matrix.
- `void SetRotation (const TMatrix3x3< T > &mat)`
Set rotation part of the matrix (a 2x2 upper left corner).
- `void GetRotation (TMatrix3x3< T > &mat) const`
Set mat to rotation part of this matrix.
- `TMatrix3x3< T > GetRotation () const`
Return rotation part of this matrix (a 2x2 upper left corner).
- `void SetRow (int r, const TVector3< T > &t)`
Set row r of this matrix to vector t.
- `void SetColumn (int c, const TVector3< T > &t)`
Set column c of this matrix to vector t.
- `void GetRow (int r, TVector3< T > &t) const`
Set vector t equal to row r of this matrix.
- `TVector3< T > GetRow (int r) const`
Return row r.
- `void GetColumn (int c, TVector3< T > &t) const`
Set vector t equal to column c of this matrix.
- `TVector3< T > GetColumn (int c) const`
Return column c.

Matrix-2-Matrix operations

- `TMatrix3x3< T > & MultRight` (const `TMatrix3x3< T > &b`)
Multiplication to matrix b (right).
- `TMatrix3x3< T > & MultLeft` (const `TMatrix3x3< T > &b`)
Multiplication to matrix b (left).
- `TMatrix3x3< T > & operator *=` (const `TMatrix3x3< T > &mat`)
*this *= mat*
- `TMatrix3x3< T > & operator+=` (const `TMatrix3x3< T > &mat`)
this += mat
- `TMatrix3x3< T > & operator/=` (const double d)
- `TMatrix3x3< T > operator *=` (const double d)
- `TMatrix3x3< T > operator/` (const double d)
- `TMatrix3x3< T > operator=` (const `TMatrix3x3< T > &mat`)

Matrix-2-Vector operations

- void `MultiMatrixVec` (const `TVector2< T > &src`, `TVector2< T > &dst`) const
*dst = M * src*
- void `MultiMatrixVec` (`TVector2< T > &src_and_dst`) const
*src_and_dst = M * src_and_dst*
- void `MultiVecMatrix` (const `TVector2< T > &src`, `TVector2< T > &dst`) const
*dst = src * M*
- void `MultiVecMatrix` (`TVector2< T > &src_and_dst`) const
*src_and_dst = src_and_dst * M*
- void `MultiMatrixVec` (const `TVector3< T > &src`, `TVector3< T > &dst`) const
*dst = M * src*
- void `MultiMatrixVec` (`TVector3< T > &src_and_dst`) const
*src_and_dst = M * src_and_dst*
- void `MultiVecMatrix` (const `TVector3< T > &src`, `TVector3< T > &dst`) const
*dst = src * M*
- void `MultiVecMatrix` (`TVector3< T > &src_and_dst`) const
*src_and_dst = src_and_dst * M*
- void `MultiMatrixDir` (const `TVector3< T > &src`, `TVector3< T > &dst`) const
*dst = M * src (only rotation and scale part, no translation)*
- void `MultiMatrixDir` (`TVector3< T > &src_and_dst`) const
*src_and_dst = M * src_and_dst (only rotation and scale part, no translation)*

- void `MultDirMatrix` (const `TVector2`< T > &src, `TVector2`< T > &dst) const
*dst = src * M (only rotation and scale part, no translation)*
- void `MultDirMatrix` (`TVector2`< T > &src_and_dst) const
*src_and_dst = src_and_dst * M (only rotation and scale part, no translation)*

Miscellaneous

Multiplication by scalar r (diagonal)

- void `MakeIdentity` ()
Make E-matrix from this one.
- `TMatrix3x3`< T > `Inverse` () const
Return an inverse matrix.
- `TMatrix3x3`< T > `Transpose` () const
Return transposed matrix.

Static Public Member Functions

- const `TMatrix3x3`< T > & `Identity` ()
Return predefined identity matrix.

Protected Attributes

- T m [9]

Friends

- `TMatrix3x3`< T > `operator *` (const `TMatrix3x3`< T > &m1, const `TMatrix3x3`< T > &m2)
*Matrix multiplication (return m1 * m2).*
- bool `operator==` (const `TMatrix3x3`< T > &m1, const `TMatrix3x3`< T > &m2)
Equality operator.
- bool `operator!=` (const `TMatrix3x3`< T > &m1, const `TMatrix3x3`< T > &m2)
Unequality operator.

Related Functions

(Note that these are not member functions.)

- `TMatrix3x3`< T_TO > `Conv` (const `TMatrix3x3`< T_FROM > &u)

Convert $TMatrix3x3<T_FROM>$ to $TMatrix3x3<T_TO>$.

- $TMatrix3x3<float>$ [ConvF](#) (const $TMatrix3x3<T>$ &u)
Convert $TMatrix3x3<T>$ to $TMatrix3x3<float>$.
- $TMatrix3x3<double>$ [ConvD](#) (const $TMatrix3x3<T>$ &u)
Convert $TMatrix3x3<T>$ to $TMatrix3x3<double>$.

8.47.1 Detailed Description

```
template<class T> class glm::TMatrix3x3< T >
```

Template class for 3x3 matrix.

Parameters:

T - template type of matrix elements

Warning:

Use it with some SIGNED integral type, or a real type Elements are stored in column-major order (OpenGL-style) E.g.:

```
a0  a3  a6
a1  a4  a7
a2  a5  a8
```

8.47.2 Member Function Documentation

8.47.2.1 $T* RawArray ()$ [inline]

Provide access to internal contents.

Warning:

Use with care, this function is dangerous!

8.47.2.2 $void SetTranslation (const TVector2< T > &t)$ [inline]

Set translation part of this matrix to values of vector t .

Translation part is the 3-th column, so it is valid for use with column-vectors $V = M * V$; $V = (v1 v2 v3 v4)T$

See also:

[MultMatrixVec](#)

The documentation for this class was generated from the following file:

- [glmatrix3.h](#)

8.48 TMatrix4x4 Class Template Reference

Template class for 4x4 matrix.

```
#include <glmatrix4.h>
```

Public Member Functions

Constructors

- [TMatrix4x4](#) ()
No initialization.
- [TMatrix4x4](#) (T r)
Initialization by diagonal element.
- [TMatrix4x4](#) (const T *m)
Initialization by array of T.
- [TMatrix4x4](#) (T a00, T a01, T a02, T a03, T a10, T a11, T a12, T a13, T a20, T a21, T a22, T a23, T a30, T a31, T a32, T a33)
Direct initialization by components (row order).

Access to values

- T * [RawArray](#) ()
Provide access to internal contents.
- void [GetValue](#) (T *mp) const
Copy this matrix mp array (! column-major order).
- const T * [GetValue](#) () const
Provide const access to the buffer.
- void [SetValue](#) (const T *mp)
Copy data from mp array.
- void [SetValue](#) (T r)
Initialization by a diagonal component.
- T & [operator\(\)](#) (int row, int col)
access operator (e.g. $m(2,3) = 20$)
- const T & [operator\(\)](#) (int row, int col) const
const access operator (e.g. $a = m(2,3)$)
- T & [Elem](#) (int row, int col)
Return (row, col) element.

- `const T & Elem (int row, int col) const`
Return const (row, col) element.

Row and column access

- `void SetScale (T s)`
Set scale components of this matrix to the same value s.
- `void SetScale (const TVector3< T > &s)`
Set scale components of this matrix to values from vector s.
- `void SetTranslation (const TVector3< T > &t)`
Set translation part of this matrix to values of vector t.
- `void GetTranslation (TVector3< T > &t) const`
Set vector t to translation part of this matrix.
- `TVector3< T > GetTranslation () const`
Return translation part of this matrix.
- `void SetRotation (const TMatrix4x4< T > &mat)`
Set rotation part of the matrix (a 3x3 upper left corner).
- `void GetRotation (TMatrix4x4< T > &mat) const`
Set mat to rotation part of this matrix.
- `TMatrix4x4< T > GetRotation () const`
Return rotation part of this matrix (a 3x3 upper left corner).
- `void SetRow (int r, const TVector4< T > &t)`
Set row r of this matrix to vector t.
- `void SetColumn (int c, const TVector4< T > &t)`
Set column c of this matrix to vector t.
- `void GetRow (int r, TVector4< T > &t) const`
Set vector t equal to row r of this matrix.
- `TVector4< T > GetRow (int r) const`
Return row r.
- `void GetColumn (int c, TVector4< T > &t) const`
Set vector t equal to column c of this matrix.
- `TVector4< T > GetColumn (int c) const`
Return column c.

Matrix-2-Matrix operations

- `TMatrix4x4< T > & MultRight` (const `TMatrix4x4< T > &b`)
Multiplication to matrix b (right).
- `TMatrix4x4< T > & MultLeft` (const `TMatrix4x4< T > &b`)
Multiplication to matrix b (left).
- `TMatrix4x4< T > & operator *=` (const `TMatrix4x4< T > &mat`)
*this *= mat*
- `TMatrix4x4< T > & operator+=` (const `TMatrix4x4< T > &mat`)
this += mat

Matrix-2-Vector operations

- void `MultMatrixVec` (const `TVector3< T > &src`, `TVector3< T > &dst`) const
*dst = M * src*
- void `MultMatrixVec` (`TVector3< T > &src_and_dst`) const
*src_and_dst = M * src_and_dst*
- void `MultVecMatrix` (const `TVector3< T > &src`, `TVector3< T > &dst`) const
*dst = src * M*
- void `MultVecMatrix` (`TVector3< T > &src_and_dst`) const
*src_and_dst = src_and_dst * M*
- void `MultMatrixVec` (const `TVector4< T > &src`, `TVector4< T > &dst`) const
*dst = M * src*
- void `MultMatrixVec` (`TVector4< T > &src_and_dst`) const
*src_and_dst = M * src_and_dst*
- void `MultVecMatrix` (const `TVector4< T > &src`, `TVector4< T > &dst`) const
*dst = src * M*
- void `MultVecMatrix` (`TVector4< T > &src_and_dst`) const
*src_and_dst = src_and_dst * M*
- void `MultMatrixDir` (const `TVector3< T > &src`, `TVector3< T > &dst`) const
*dst = M * src (only rotation and scale part, no translation)*
- void `MultMatrixDir` (`TVector3< T > &src_and_dst`) const
*src_and_dst = M * src_and_dst (only rotation and scale part, no translation)*
- void `MultDirMatrix` (const `TVector3< T > &src`, `TVector3< T > &dst`) const
*dst = src * M (only rotation and scale part, no translation)*
- void `MultDirMatrix` (`TVector3< T > &src_and_dst`) const
*src_and_dst = src_and_dst * M (only rotation and scale part, no translation)*

Matrix-2-Scalar operations

- `TMatrix4x4< T > & operator *= (const T &r)`
Multiplication by scalar r (diagonal).

Miscellaneous

- void `MakeIdentity ()`
Make E-matrix from this one.
- `TMatrix4x4< T > Inverse () const`
Return an inverse matrix.
- `TMatrix4x4< T > Transpose () const`
Return transposed matrix.
- void `Ortho` (double left, double right, double bottom, double top, double znear, double zfar)

Static Public Member Functions

- const `TMatrix4x4< T > & Identity ()`
Return predefined identity matrix.

Protected Attributes

- `T m [16]`

Friends

- `TMatrix4x4< T > operator * (const TMatrix4x4< T > &m1, const TMatrix4x4< T > &m2)`
*Matrix multiplication (return m1 * m2).*
- bool `operator== (const TMatrix4x4< T > &m1, const TMatrix4x4< T > &m2)`
Equality operator.
- bool `operator!= (const TMatrix4x4< T > &m1, const TMatrix4x4< T > &m2)`
Unequality operator.

Related Functions

(Note that these are not member functions.)

- [TMatrix4x4](#)< T_TO > [Conv](#) (const [TMatrix4x4](#)< T_FROM > &u)
Convert *TMatrix4x4*<T_FROM> to *TMatrix4x4*<T_TO>.
- [TMatrix4x4](#)< float > [ConvF](#) (const [TMatrix4x4](#)< T > &u)
Convert *TMatrix4x4*<T> to *TMatrix4x4*<float>.
- [TMatrix4x4](#)< double > [ConvD](#) (const [TMatrix4x4](#)< T > &u)
Convert *TMatrix4x4*<T> to *TMatrix4x4*<double>.

8.48.1 Detailed Description

```
template<class T> class gml::TMatrix4x4< T >
```

Template class for 4x4 matrix.

Parameters:

T - template type of matrix elements

Warning:

Use it with some SIGNED integral type, or a real type Elements are stored in column-major order (OpenGL-style) E.g.:

```
a0  a4  a8  a12
a1  a5  a9  a13
a2  a6  a10 a14
a3  a7  a11 a15
```

8.48.2 Member Function Documentation

8.48.2.1 T* RawArray () [inline]

Provide access to internal contents.

Warning:

Use with care, this function is dangerous!

8.48.2.2 void SetTranslation (const TVector3< T > &t) [inline]

Set translation part of this matrix to values of vector *t*.

Translation part is the 4-th column, so it is valid for use with column-vectors $V = M * V$; $V = (v1\ v2\ v3\ v4)^T$

See also:

[MultMatrixVec](#)

The documentation for this class was generated from the following file:

- [gmlmatrix4.h](#)

8.49 TQuaternion Class Template Reference

quaternion template

```
#include <gmlquat.h>
```

Public Member Functions

- **TQuaternion** (const T v[4])
- **TQuaternion** (T q0, T q1, T q2, T q3)
- **TQuaternion** (const [TMatrix4x4](#)< T > &m)
- **TQuaternion** (const [TVector3](#)< T > &axis, T radians)
- **TQuaternion** (const [TVector3](#)< T > &rotateFrom, const [TVector3](#)< T > &rotateTo)
- **TQuaternion** (const [TVector3](#)< T > &from_look, const [TVector3](#)< T > &from_up, const [TVector3](#)< T > &to_look, const [TVector3](#)< T > &to_up)
- const T * **GetValue** () const
- void **GetValue** (T &q0, T &q1, T &q2, T &q3) const
- [TQuaternion](#) & **SetValue** (T q0, T q1, T q2, T q3)
- void **GetValue** ([TVector3](#)< T > &axis, T &radians) const
- void **GetValue** ([TMatrix4x4](#)< T > &m) const
- [TQuaternion](#) & **SetValue** (const T *qp)
- [TQuaternion](#) & **SetValue** (const [TMatrix4x4](#)< T > &m)
- [TQuaternion](#) & **SetValue** (const [TVector3](#)< T > &axis, T theta)
- [TQuaternion](#) & **SetValue** (const [TVector3](#)< T > &rotateFrom, const [TVector3](#)< T > &rotateTo)
- [TQuaternion](#) & **SetValue** (const [TVector3](#)< T > &from_look, const [TVector3](#)< T > &from_up, const [TVector3](#)< T > &to_look, const [TVector3](#)< T > &to_up)
- [TQuaternion](#) & **operator** *= (const [TQuaternion](#) &qr)
- void **Normalize** ()
- bool **Equals** (const [TQuaternion](#) &r, T tolerance) const
- [TQuaternion](#) & **Conjugate** ()
- [TQuaternion](#) & **Invert** ()
- [TQuaternion](#) **Inverse** () const
- void **MultVec** (const [TVector3](#)< T > &src, [TVector3](#)< T > &dst) const
- void **MultVec** ([TVector3](#)< T > &src_and_dst) const
- void **ScaleAngle** (T scaleFactor)
- T & **operator**[] (int i)
- const T & **operator**[] (int i) const

Static Public Member Functions

- [TQuaternion](#) **Slerp** (const [TQuaternion](#) &p, const [TQuaternion](#) &q, T alpha)
- [TQuaternion](#) **Identity** ()

Protected Member Functions

- void **CounterNormalize** ()

Protected Attributes

- unsigned char **counter**

Friends

- `bool operator==` (const [TQuaternion](#) &q1, const [TQuaternion](#) &q2)
- `bool operator!=` (const [TQuaternion](#) &q1, const [TQuaternion](#) &q2)
- `TQuaternion operator *` (const [TQuaternion](#) &q1, const [TQuaternion](#) &q2)

Related Functions

(Note that these are not member functions.)

- [TQuaternion](#)< T_TO > `Conv` (const [TQuaternion](#)< T_FROM > &u)
Convert TQuaternion<T_FROM> to TQuaternion<T_TO>.
- [TQuaternion](#)< float > `ConvF` (const [TQuaternion](#)< T > &u)
Convert TQuaternion<T> to TQuaternion<float>.
- [TQuaternion](#)< double > `ConvD` (const [TQuaternion](#)< T > &u)
Convert TQuaternion<T> to TQuaternion<double>.

8.49.1 Detailed Description

`template<class T> class gml::TQuaternion< T >`

quaternion template

The documentation for this class was generated from the following file:

- [gmlquat.h](#)

8.50 TVector2 Class Template Reference

Template class for 2D vectors.

```
#include <gmlvector2.h>
```

Element access

- **T & operator[]** (int i)
- **const T & operator[]** (int i) const
- void **SetValue** (double x0, double y0)
Set elements by 2 double components.
- void **SetValue** (double a)
Set all the elements to the same T value.
- **GetDim** ()

Public Member Functions

Constructors

- **TVector2** ()
No initialization.
- **TVector2** (double v)
Initialization by scalar.
- **TVector2** (double x0, double y0)
Initialization by given components.
- **TVector2** (const **TVector3**< T > &u)

Conversions

- **operator T *** ()
Convert a TVector to array of (2) elements.
- **operator const T *** () const
Convert a TVector to array of (2) elements.

Binary operations

- **TVector2**< T > & **operator+=** (const **TVector2**< T > &u)
- **TVector2**< T > & **operator-=** (const **TVector2**< T > &u)
- **TVector2**< T > **operator+** (const **TVector2**< T > &u) const
- **TVector2**< T > **operator-** (const **TVector2**< T > &u) const
- **TVector2**< T > & **operator *=** (const double d)
- **TVector2**< T > & **operator /=** (const double d)

- `TVector2< T > MultVec (const TVector2< T > &u) const`
Vector scaling (this vector is not modified).
- `TVector2< T > DivVec (const TVector2< T > &u) const`
Vector-by vector division (this vector is not modified).
- `TVector2< T > operator * (const double d) const`
- `TVector2< T > operator / (const double d) const`
- `double operator * (const TVector2< T > &rhs) const`
dot product
- `double operator ^ (const TVector2< T > &rhs) const`
cross product
- `double DotProduct (const TVector2< T > &rhs) const`
dot product
- `double CrossProduct (const TVector2< T > &rhs) const`
cross product

Unary operations

- `void Negate ()`
Vector (self) negation.
- `TVector2< T > operator - () const`

Service methods

- `void Clip (double vmin, double vmax)`
Clip elements of this TVector to constraints from vmin to vmax.
- `TVector2< double > operator ~ () const`
returns normalized vector (always double)
- `TVector2< T > & Normalize ()`
Normalize this vector; return vector itself.
- `bool Normalized () const`
Test whether the TVector is normalized.
- `double SqrLength () const`
Squared length of vector.
- `double Length () const`
Length of the vector.
- `bool LessOrEqual (const TVector2< T > &u) const`
Return true if all components of this vector less of equal than u.

- double `operator!` () const
Length of the vector.
- `TVector2< T > NormalRight` () const
Returns normal N to this vector, such that $\text{DotProduct}(\text{this}, N) = 0$.*

MFC, VCL, OWL - specific functions (defined only if proper defines are found)

- `TVector2` (const TPoint &p)
- `TVector2< T > & operator=` (const TPoint &p)
- `operator TPoint` ()
- `TVector2` (const CPoint &p)
- `TVector2` (const POINT &p)
- `TVector2` (const CSize &p)
- `TVector2< T > & operator=` (const CPoint &p)
- `TVector2< T > & operator=` (const POINT &p)
- `TVector2< T > & operator=` (const CSize &p)
- `operator CPoint` ()
- `operator CvPoint` ()
- `operator CvSize` ()
- `TVector2` (const CvPoint &p)
- `TVector2 operator=` (const CvPoint &p)

Static Public Member Functions

- const `TVector2< T > & Cast` (const T *u)
Treat array of (2) elements as a TVector.
- `TVector2< T > & Cast` (T *u)
Treat array of (2) elements as a TVector.

Related Functions

(Note that these are not member functions.)

- `TVector2< T > operator *` (const double d, const `TVector2< T > &u`)
Multiplication of scalar d by TVector u .
- double `SqrLength` (const `TVector2< T > &u`)
Squared length of given vector.
- double `Length` (const `TVector2< T > &u`)
Length of the vector.
- double `DotProd` (const `TVector2< T > &v1`, const `TVector2< T > &v2`)
Dot product.

- double `DotProduct` (const `TVector2`< T > &v1, const `TVector2`< T > &v2)
Dot product.
- double `CrossProd` (const `TVector2`< T > &v1, const `TVector2`< T > &v2)
Cross product.
- double `CrossProduct` (const `TVector2`< T > &v1, const `TVector2`< T > &v2)
Cross product.
- double `Cos` (const `TVector2`< T > &a, const `TVector2`< T > &b)
cos between two vectors
- double `Sin` (const `TVector2`< T > &a, const `TVector2`< T > &b)
sin between two vectors
- `TVector2`< T_TO > `Conv` (const `TVector2`< T_FROM > &u)
Convert TVector2<T_FROM> to TVector2<T_TO>.
- `TVector2`< float > `ConvF` (const `TVector2`< T > &u)
Convert TVector2<T> to TVector2<float>.
- `TVector2`< double > `ConvD` (const `TVector2`< T > &u)
Convert TVector2<T> to TVector2<double>.
- `TVector2`< int > `ConvI` (const `TVector2`< T > &u)
Convert TVector2<T> to TVector2<int>.
- `TVector2`< short > `ConvS` (const `TVector2`< T > &u)
Convert TVector2<T> to TVector2<int>.

8.50.1 Detailed Description

`template<class T> class gml::TVector2< T >`

Template class for 2D vectors.

Parameters:

T - template type of TVector elements

Warning:

Use it with some SIGNED integral type, or a real type

8.50.2 Member Function Documentation

8.50.2.1 `TVector2`<T> `NormalRight` () const `[inline]`

Returns normal N to this vector, such that `DotProduct(*this, N) = 0`.

Parameters:

def - vector returned if the length of this vector is near zero

Note:

Projection of the resulting vector to the X axis will have the same sign that projection of this vector. If $x = 0$, then normal will be equal (1,0)

The documentation for this class was generated from the following file:

- [gmlvector2.h](#)

8.51 TVector3 Class Template Reference

Template class for 3D geometric vectors.

```
#include <gmlvector3.h>
```

Element access

- **T & operator[]** (int i)
- **const T & operator[]** (int i) const
- **void SetValue** (double x0, double y0, double z0)
Set elements by 3 double components.
- **void SetValue** (double a)
Set all the elements to the same T value.
- **GetDim** ()

Public Member Functions

Constructors

- **TVector3** ()
No initialization.
- **TVector3** (double v)
Initialization by scalar.
- **TVector3** (double x0, double y0, double z0)
Initialization by given components.
- **TVector3** (T *data)
- **TVector3** (const TVector3< T > &data)

Conversions

- **operator T *** ()
Convert a TVector to array of (3) elements.
- **operator const T *** () const
Convert a TVector to array of (3) elements.

Binary operations

- **TVector3< T > & operator+=** (const TVector3< T > &u)
- **TVector3< T > & operator-=** (const TVector3< T > &u)
- **TVector3< T > operator+** (const TVector3< T > &u) const
- **TVector3< T > operator-** (const TVector3< T > &u) const
- **TVector3< T > & operator *=** (const double d)

- `TVector3< T > MultVec (const TVector3< T > &u) const`
Vector scaling (this vector is not modified).
- `TVector3< T > DivVec (const TVector3< T > &u) const`
Vector-by vector division (this vector is not modified).
- `TVector3< T > & operator/= (const double d)`
- `TVector3< T > operator * (const double d) const`
- `TVector3< T > operator/ (const double d) const`
- `TVector3< T > operator/ (const TVector3< T > v) const`
- `double operator * (const TVector3< T > &rhs) const`
dot product
- `TVector3< T > operator^ (const TVector3< T > &rhs) const`
cross product
- `double DotProduct (const TVector3< T > &rhs) const`
dot product
- `TVector3< T > CrossProduct (const TVector3< T > &rhs) const`
cross product

Unary operations

- `void Negate ()`
Vector (self) negation.
- `TVector3< T > operator- () const`
Unary negation operator.
- `TVector3< double > operator~ () const`
returns normalized vector (always double)
- `TVector3< T > & Normalize ()`
Normalize this vector; return vector itself.
- `double Length () const`
Length of the vector.
- `double operator! () const`
Length of the vector.

Service methods

Clip elements of this TVector to constraints from vmin to vmax

- `void Clip (double vmin, double vmax)`
- `bool Normalized () const`
Test whether the TVector is normalized.

- double `SqrLength ()` const
Squared length of vector.
- bool `LessOrEqual (const TVector3< T > &u)` const
Return true if all components of this vector less of equal than u.
- T `MaxValue ()` const
Return C-norm of the vector (maximal value among coords).

MFC, VCL, OWL - specific functions (defined only if proper defines are found)

- `TVector3 (const TPoint &p)`
- `TVector3< T > & operator= (const TPoint &p)`
- `operator TPoint ()`
- `TVector3 (const CPoint &p)`
- `TVector3 (const CSize &p)`
- `TVector3< T > & operator= (const CPoint &p)`
- `TVector3< T > & operator= (const CSize &p)`
- `operator CPoint ()`
- `operator CvPoint ()`
- `TVector3 (const CvPoint &p)`
- `TVector3 operator= (const CvPoint &p)`

Static Public Member Functions

- const `TVector3< T > & Cast (const T *u)`
Treat array of (3) elements as a TVector.
- `TVector3< T > & Cast (T *u)`
Treat array of (3) elements as a TVector.

Related Functions

(Note that these are not member functions.)

- `TVector3< T > operator * (const double d, const TVector3< T > &u)`
Multiplication of scalar d by TVector u.
- double `SqrLength (const TVector3< T > &u)`
Squared length of given vector.
- double `Length (const TVector3< T > &u)`
Length of the vector.
- double `DotProduct (const TVector3< T > &v1, const TVector3< T > &v2)`
Dot product.

- [TVector3< T > CrossProduct](#) (const [TVector3< T >](#) &v1, const [TVector3< T >](#) &v2)
Cross product.
- double [Cos](#) (const [TVector3< T >](#) &a, const [TVector3< T >](#) &b)
cos between two vectors
- double [Sin](#) (const [TVector3< T >](#) &a, const [TVector3< T >](#) &b)
sin between two vectors
- [TVector3< T_TO > Conv](#) (const [TVector3< T_FROM >](#) &u)
Convert [TVector3<T_FROM>](#) to [TVector3<T_TO>](#).
- [TVector3< float > ConvF](#) (const [TVector3< T >](#) &u)
Convert [TVector3<T>](#) to [TVector3<float>](#).
- [TVector3< double > ConvD](#) (const [TVector3< T >](#) &u)
Convert [TVector3<T>](#) to [TVector3<double>](#).
- [TVector3< int > ConvI](#) (const [TVector3< T >](#) &u)
Convert [TVector3<T>](#) to [TVector3<int>](#).
- [TVector3< short > ConvS](#) (const [TVector3< T >](#) &u)
Convert [TVector3<T>](#) to [TVector3<int>](#).

8.51.1 Detailed Description

`template<class T> class gml::TVector3< T >`

Template class for 3D geometric vectors.

Parameters:

T - template type of TVector elements

Warning:

Use it with some SIGNED integral type, or a real type

The documentation for this class was generated from the following file:

- [gmlvector3.h](#)

8.52 TVector4 Class Template Reference

Template class for 4D geometric vectors.

```
#include <gmlvector4.h>
```

Public Member Functions

Constructors

- [TVector4](#) ()
No initialization.
- [TVector4](#) (double v)
Initialization by scalar.
- [TVector4](#) (double x0, double y0, double z0, double w0)
Initialization by given components.
- [TVector4](#) (const [TVector3](#)< T > &v, double w0=1)
Initialization by given 3d-vector (w become equal to 1).

Element access

- T & [operator](#)[] (int i)
- const T & [operator](#)[] (int i) const
- void [SetValue](#) (double x0, double y0, double z0, double w0)
Set elements by 3 double components.
- void [SetValue](#) (double a)
Set all the elements to the same T value.

Conversions

- [operator T](#) * ()
Convert a TVector to array of (3) elements.
- [operator const T](#) * () const
Convert a TVector to array of (3) elements.

Binary operations

- [TVector4](#)< T > & [operator](#)+= (const [TVector4](#)< T > &u)
- [TVector4](#)< T > & [operator](#)-= (const [TVector4](#)< T > &u)
- [TVector4](#)< T > [operator](#)+ (const [TVector4](#)< T > &u) const
- [TVector4](#)< T > [operator](#)- (const [TVector4](#)< T > &u) const
- [TVector4](#)< T > & [operator](#) *= (const double d)

- `TVector4< T > & operator/= (const double d)`
- `TVector4< T > MultVec (const TVector4< T > &u) const`
Vector scaling (this vector is not modified).
- `TVector4< T > DivVec (const TVector4< T > &u) const`
Vector-by vector division (this vector is not modified).
- `TVector4< T > operator * (const double d) const`
- `TVector4< T > operator/ (const double d) const`
- `double operator * (const TVector4< T > &rhs) const`
dot product
- `double DotProduct (const TVector4< T > &rhs) const`
dot product

Unary operations

- `void Negate ()`
Vector (self) negation.
- `TVector4< T > operator- () const`
Unary negation operator.
- `TVector4< double > operator~ () const`
returns normalized vector (always double)
- `TVector4< T > & Normalize ()`
Normalize this vector, return vector itself.
- `double Length () const`
Length of the vector.
- `double operator! () const`
Length of the vector.

Service methods

- `void Clip (double vmin, double vmax)`
Clip elements of this TVector to constraints from vmin to vmax.
- `bool Normalized () const`
Test whether the TVector is normalized.
- `double SqrLength () const`
Squared length of vector.
- `bool LessOrEqual (const TVector4< T > &u) const`
Return true if all components of this vector less of equal than u.

- bool `LessOrEqual` (const `TVector3`< T > &u) const
Return true if all components of this vector less of equal than u.
- T `MaxValue` () const
Return C-norm of the vector (maximal value among coords).
- `TVector3`< double > **Homogenize** ()

MFC, VCL, OWL - specific functions (defined only if proper defines are found)

- `TVector4` (const `TPoint` &p)
- `TVector4`< T > & **operator=** (const `TPoint` &p)
- **operator** `TPoint` ()
- `TVector4` (const `CPoint` &p)
- `TVector4` (const `CSize` &p)
- `TVector4`< T > & **operator=** (const `CPoint` &p)
- `TVector4`< T > & **operator=** (const `CSize` &p)
- **operator** `CPoint` ()
- **operator** `CvPoint` ()
- `TVector4` (const `CvPoint` &p)
- `TVector4` **operator=** (const `CvPoint` &p)

Static Public Member Functions

- const `TVector4`< T > & **Cast** (const T *u)
Treat array of (3) elements as a TVector.
- `TVector4`< T > & **Cast** (T *u)
Treat array of (3) elements as a TVector.

Related Functions

(Note that these are not member functions.)

- `TVector4`< T > **operator *** (const double d, const `TVector4`< T > &u)
Multiplication of scalar d by TVector u.
- double **SqrLength** (const `TVector4`< T > &u)
Squared length of given vector.
- double **Length** (const `TVector4`< T > &u)
Length of the vector.
- double **DotProduct** (const `TVector4`< T > &v1, const `TVector4`< T > &v2)
Dot product.
- `TVector4`< T_TO > **Conv** (const `TVector4`< T_FROM > &u)

Convert TVector4<T_FROM> to TVector4<T_TO>.

- **TVector4**< float > **ConvF** (const **TVector4**< T > &u)
Convert TVector4<T> to TVector4<float>.
- **TVector4**< double > **ConvD** (const **TVector4**< T > &u)
Convert TVector4<T> to TVector4<double>.
- **TVector4**< int > **ConvI** (const **TVector4**< T > &u)
Convert TVector4<T> to TVector4<int>.
- **TVector4**< short > **ConvS** (const **TVector4**< T > &u)
Convert TVector4<T> to TVector4<int>.

8.52.1 Detailed Description

```
template<class T> class gml::TVector4< T >
```

Template class for 4D geometric vectors.

Parameters:

T - template type of TVector elements

Warning:

Use it with some SIGNED integral type, or a real type

The documentation for this class was generated from the following file:

- [gmlvector4.h](#)

8.53 Viewport Class Reference

Class representing 3d viewport (a window with associated camera).

```
#include <gmlviewport.h>
```

Public Member Functions

- **Viewport** (int x, int y, int xres, int yres, [Camera](#) *camera=0)
- void **GetResolution** (int &xres, int &yres) const
- void **SetResolution** (int xres, int yres)
- void **SetOrigin** (int x, int y)
- void **GetOrigin** (int &x, int &y) const
- const [Matrix4x4d](#) & **GetTransform** () const
- void **SetTransform** (const [Matrix4x4d](#) &view_transform)
- float **GetViewAngle** () const
- void **SetViewAngle** (float view_angle)
- const [Camera](#) * **GetCamera** () const
- void **SetCamera** ([Camera](#) *cam)
- [Vector3d](#) **GetViewVector** () const
get view vector of camera (normalized)
- [Vector3d](#) **GetUpVector** () const
get up vector of camera (normalized)
- [Vector3d](#) **GetRightVector** () const
get up vector of camera (normalized)
- [Vector3d](#) **GetObserver** () const
get camera position
- void **SetObserver** (const [Vector3d](#) &obs)
- [Matrix4x4d](#) **GetRotation** () const
- void **SetRotation** (const [Matrix4x4d](#) &rot)
- void **SetDistanceToTarget** (float dist)
- float **GetDistanceToTarget** () const

8.53.1 Detailed Description

Class representing 3d viewport (a window with associated camera).

The documentation for this class was generated from the following file:

- [gmlviewport.h](#)

Chapter 9

Graphics and Media Lab CSL File Documentation

9.1 gmlbbox2.h File Reference

A class for 2D boundary box (BBox2) definition.

```
#include "gmlvector2.h"  
#include <limits>
```

Namespaces

- namespace **gml**

9.1.1 Detailed Description

A class for 2D boundary box (BBox2) definition.

9.2 gmlbbox3.h File Reference

A class for 2D boundary box (BBox3) definition.

```
#include "gmlvector3.h"  
#include <limits>
```

Namespaces

- namespace **gml**

9.2.1 Detailed Description

A class for 2D boundary box (BBox3) definition.

9.3 gmlbrowser.h File Reference

A class for 3d virtual camera.

```
#include "gmlviewport.h"  
#include "../math/gmlvector2.h"  
#include "../math/gmlbbox3.h"
```

Namespaces

- namespace **gml**

9.3.1 Detailed Description

A class for 3d virtual camera.

9.4 gmlbsphere3.h File Reference

defines template class BSphere33<T>

```
#include "gmlmath.h"
```

```
#include "gmlbbox3.h"
```

Namespaces

- namespace **gml**

9.4.1 Detailed Description

defines template class BSphere33<T>

9.5 gmlcallback.h File Reference

Definitions of callback helpers.

```
#include "gmlfunctioncallback.h"
```

```
#include "gmlmethodcallback.h"
```

Namespaces

- namespace **gml**

9.5.1 Detailed Description

Definitions of callback helpers.

9.6 gmlcamera.h File Reference

A class for 3d virtual camera.

```
#include "../math/glmatrix4.h"
```

Namespaces

- namespace **gml**

9.6.1 Detailed Description

A class for 3d virtual camera.

9.7 gmlcommon.h File Reference

General routines like ASSERT etc.

```
#include <assert.h>
```

Namespaces

- namespace **gml**

Defines

- #define **ASSERT**(expr)
custom assertion (DEBUG mode only)
- #define **VERIFY**(f) ((void)(f))
- #define **NULL** 0

Typedefs

- typedef unsigned char **BYTE**
- typedef unsigned short **WORD**
- typedef unsigned long **DWORD**

9.7.1 Detailed Description

General routines like ASSERT etc.

9.8 gmlcommonogl.h File Reference

OpenGL helpers.

Namespaces

- namespace **gml**

Defines

- #define **CHECK_GL** ASSERT(glGetError() == GL_NO_ERROR)

9.8.1 Detailed Description

OpenGL helpers.

9.9 gmlframecounter.h File Reference

Simple frame rate (FPS) counter.

Namespaces

- namespace **gml**

9.9.1 Detailed Description

Simple frame rate (FPS) counter.

9.10 gmlglrc.h File Reference

Class for operations with GL Win32 context.

Namespaces

- namespace **gml**

9.10.1 Detailed Description

Class for operations with GL Win32 context.

9.11 gmlmath.h File Reference

Common mathematic utility routines, [gml::Math](#).

```
#include <math.h>
```

Namespaces

- namespace **gml**

Defines

- #define **PI** 3.1415926535897

9.11.1 Detailed Description

Common mathematic utility routines, [gml::Math](#).

9.12 glmatrix2.h File Reference

Definition of TMatrix2x2 template class and utility routines.

```
#include "glmvector2.h"
```

Namespaces

- namespace **glm**

9.12.1 Detailed Description

Definition of TMatrix2x2 template class and utility routines.

9.13 glmatrix3.h File Reference

Definition of TMatrix3x3 template class and utility routines.

```
#include "glmvector3.h"
```

```
#include "glmvector2.h"
```

Namespaces

- namespace **glm**

9.13.1 Detailed Description

Definition of TMatrix3x3 template class and utility routines.

9.14 glmatrix4.h File Reference

Definition of TMatrix4x4 template class and utility routines.

```
#include "glmvector3.h"
```

```
#include "glmvector4.h"
```

Namespaces

- namespace **glm**

9.14.1 Detailed Description

Definition of TMatrix4x4 template class and utility routines.

9.15 glmesh.h File Reference

Definition of gml::Mesh class.

```
#include "../base/gmlsmartobject.h"  
#include "../color/gmlcolor.h"  
#include "../math/gmlvector2.h"  
#include "../math/gmlvector3.h"  
#include <vector>
```

Namespaces

- namespace **gml**

9.15.1 Detailed Description

Definition of gml::Mesh class.

9.16 gmlpathstring.h File Reference

defines [gml::PathString](#)

```
#include "../base/gmlcommon.h"
```

```
#include "../base/gmlstring.h"
```

```
#include <list>
```

Namespaces

- namespace **gml**
- namespace **std**

9.16.1 Detailed Description

defines [gml::PathString](#)

9.17 glmquat.h File Reference

Definition of TQuaternion template class.

```
#include "glmatrix4.h"
```

Namespaces

- namespace **glm**

9.17.1 Detailed Description

Definition of TQuaternion template class.

9.18 gmlref.h File Reference

Definitions of smart reference.

Namespaces

- namespace **gml**

9.18.1 Detailed Description

Definitions of smart reference.

9.19 glmSMARTobject.h File Reference

Definitions of smart object (which supports smart references).

Namespaces

- namespace `glm`

9.19.1 Detailed Description

Definitions of smart object (which supports smart references).

9.20 gmlsocket.h File Reference

Windows sockets handling (Win32 API).

```
#include <string>
```

Namespaces

- namespace **gml**

9.20.1 Detailed Description

Windows sockets handling (Win32 API).

9.21 gmlstring.h File Reference

defines [gml::String](#)

```
#include <string>
```

```
#include <afxwin.h>
```

Namespaces

- namespace **gml**

9.21.1 Detailed Description

defines [gml::String](#)

9.22 gmlutils3d.h File Reference

3d projections etc (utilities)

```
#include "gmlviewport.h"
```

```
#include "../math/gmlbbox3.h"
```

Namespaces

- namespace **gml**

9.22.1 Detailed Description

3d projections etc (utilities)

9.23 gmlutilsgl.h File Reference

A set of OGL utility functions.

```
#include "../math/gmlbbox3.h"  
#include "../color/gmlcolor.h"
```

Namespaces

- namespace **gml**

9.23.1 Detailed Description

A set of OGL utility functions.

9.24 gmlvector2.h File Reference

defines template [gml::TVector2](#), [gml::Math2](#) and typedefs with utility functions

```
#include "gmlmath.h"  
#include "gmlvector3.h"  
#include "../base/gmlcommon.h"  
#include <ipl.h>  
#include <cv.h>  
#include <afxwin.h>  
#include <windows.hpp>
```

Namespaces

- namespace **gml**

9.24.1 Detailed Description

defines template [gml::TVector2](#), [gml::Math2](#) and typedefs with utility functions

9.25 glmvector3.h File Reference

defines template [glm::TVector3](#), [glm::Math3](#) and typedefs with utility functions

```
#include "glmmath.h"  
#include <afxwin.h>  
#include <ipl.h>  
#include <cv.h>  
#include <windows.hpp>
```

Namespaces

- namespace **glm**

9.25.1 Detailed Description

defines template [glm::TVector3](#), [glm::Math3](#) and typedefs with utility functions

9.26 gmlvector4.h File Reference

defines template [gml::TVector4](#), [gml::Math3](#) and typedefs with utility functions

```
#include "gmlvector3.h"
```

Namespaces

- namespace **gml**

9.26.1 Detailed Description

defines template [gml::TVector4](#), [gml::Math3](#) and typedefs with utility functions

9.27 gmlviewport.h File Reference

A class for 3d viewport.

```
#include "gmlcamera.h"  
#include "../math/gmlvector3.h"
```

Namespaces

- namespace **gml**

9.27.1 Detailed Description

A class for 3d viewport.

Chapter 10

Graphics and Media Lab CSL Page Documentation

10.1 Todo List

Class **FileFinder** : add directory structure handling

Class **GLRC** Add possibility to select pixel format (double/single buffer, stencil, etc)

10.2 Deprecated List

Member [ColorRGBub](#) use Color3 instead

Member [ColorRGBw](#) use Color3 instead

Member [ColorRGBf](#) use Color3 instead

Member [ColorRGBAub](#) use Color3 instead

Member [ColorRGBAf](#) use Color3 instead

Member [DotProd\(const TVector2< T > &v1, const TVector2< T > &v2\)](#) use use DotProduct
instead

Member [CrossProd\(const TVector2< T > &v1, const TVector2< T > &v2\)](#) use CrossProduct
instead